



सत्यमेव जयते

File No: EC/SEIAA/2025-26/3950/2025

Government of India

Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change

(Issued by the State Environment Impact Assessment
Authority(SEIAA), JHARKHAND)



Dated: 25/11/2025



To,

Rajesh Kumar Singh
RAJ BHARATI SIKSHA NIKETAN
Infront of Nissan Motors showroom, Near Auto Cluster, Tata Kandra Main Road, Adityapur,
SARAIKELA KHARSAWAN, JHARKHAND, 831013
singhkumarrajesh1971@gmail.com

Subject: Grant of EC under the provision of the EIA Notification 2006-regarding.

Sir/Madam,

This is in reference to your application for Grant of EC under the provision of the EIA Notification 2006-regarding in respect of project Proposed Ryan Institute of Techno Science (RITS) [managed by Raj Bharati Siksha Niketan] located at Industrial Plot No.- IC-1, 2 & 3, (Survey Plot No.: 45(P), 41(P), 42(P)) Near 7th Phase Adityapur Industrial area, Dist.-Saraikela-Kharsawan, Jharkhand. submitted to Ministry vide proposal number SIA/JH/INFRA2/554123/2025 dated 06/10/2025.

2. The particulars of the proposal are as below:

(i) EC Identification No.	EC25C0000JH5536851N
(ii) File No.	EC/SEIAA/2025-26/3950/2025
(iii) Clearance Type	EC
(iv) Category	B2
(v) Project/Activity Included Schedule No.	8(a) Building / Construction Proposed Ryan Institute of Techno Science (RITS) [managed by Raj Bharati Siksha Niketan] located at Industrial Plot No.- IC-1, 2 & 3, (Survey Plot No.: 45(P), 41(P), 42(P)) Near 7th Phase Adityapur Industrial area, Dist.-Saraikela-Kharsawan, Jharkhand.
(vii) Name of Project	
(viii) Name of Company/Organization	RAJ BHARATI SIKSHA NIKETAN
(ix) Location of Project (District, State)	SARAIKELA KHARSAWAN, JHARKHAND
(x) Issuing Authority	SEIAA
(xi) Applicability of General Conditions	no
(xii) Applicability of Specific Conditions	no

3. In view of the particulars given in the Para 1 above, the project proposal interalia including Form-1(Part A and B) were submitted to the Ministry for an appraisal by the State Environment Impact Assessment Authority(SEIAA) Appraisal Committee (SEIAA) in the Ministry under the provision of EIA notification 2006 and its subsequent amendments.
4. The above-mentioned proposal has been considered by State Environment Impact Assessment Authority(SEIAA) Appraisal Committee of SEIAA in the meeting held on 04/11/2025. The minutes of the meeting and all the Application and documents submitted [(viz. Form-1 Part A, Part B, Part C EIA, EMP)] are available on PARIVESH portal which can be accessed by scanning the QR Code above.
5. The brief about configuration of plant/equipment, products and byproducts and salient features of the project along with environment settings, as submitted by the Project proponent in Form-1 (Part A, B and C)/EIA & EMP Reports/presented during SEIAA are annexed to this EC as Annexure (1).
6. The SEIAA, in its meeting held on 04/11/2025, based on information & clarifications provided by the project proponent and after detailed deliberations recommended the proposal for grant of EC under the provision of EIA Notification, 2006 and as amended thereof subject to stipulation of specific and general conditions as detailed in Annexure (2).
7. The SEIAA has examined the proposal in accordance with the Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) Notification, 2006 & further amendments thereto and after accepting the recommendations of the State Environment Impact Assessment Authority(SEIAA) Appraisal Committee hereby decided to grant EC for instant proposal of M/s. Rajesh Kumar Singh under the provisions of EIA Notification, 2006 and as amended thereof.
8. The Ministry reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions, if found necessary.
9. The EC to the aforementioned project is under provisions of EIA Notification, 2006. It does not tantamount to approvals/consent/permissions etc. required to be obtained under any other Act/Rule/regulation. The Project Proponent is under obligation to obtain approvals /clearances under any other Acts/ Regulations or Statutes, as applicable, to the project.
10. This issues with the approval of the Competent Authority.

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Annexure 1

Standard EC Conditions for (Building / Construction)

1. Statutory Compliance

S. No	EC Conditions
1.1	The project proponent shall obtain all necessary clearance/ permission from all relevant agencies including town planning authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building byelaws.
1.2	The approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for structural safety of buildings due to earthquakes, adequacy of firefighting equipment etc. as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightening etc.
1.3	The project proponent shall obtain forest clearance under the provisions of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980, in case of the diversion of forest land for non-forest purpose involved in the project.

S. No	EC Conditions
1.4	The project proponent shall obtain clearance from the National Board for Wildlife, if applicable.
1.5	The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish / Operate under the provisions of Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 from the concerned State Pollution Control Board/ Committee.

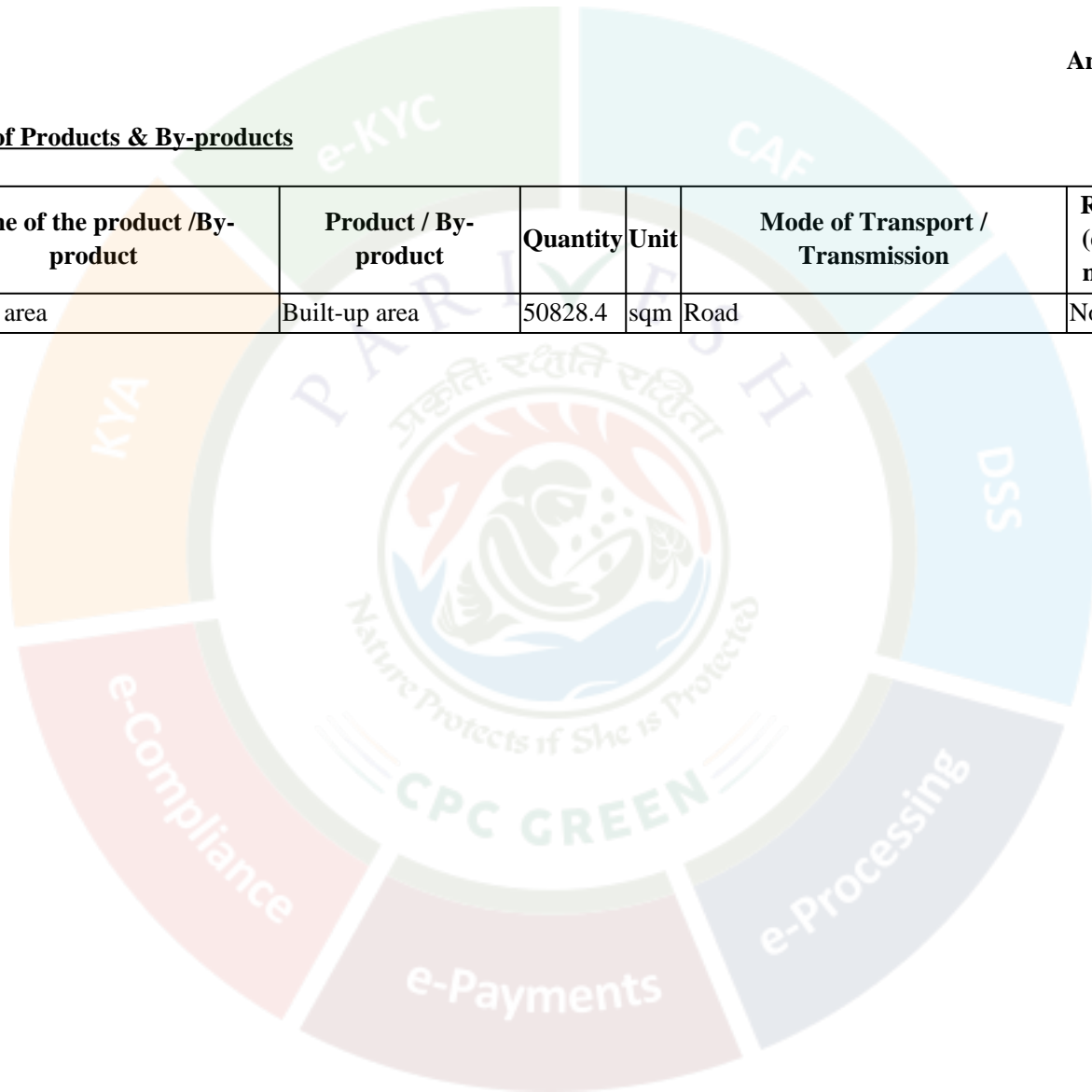
Additional EC Conditions

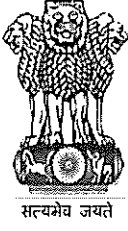
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Annexure 2

Details of Products & By-products

Name of the product /By-product	Product / By-product	Quantity	Unit	Mode of Transport / Transmission	Remarks (eg. CAS number)
Built-up area	Built-up area	50828.4	sqm	Road	None





State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority, Jharkhand
Nursery Complex, Near Dhurwa Bus Stand, Dhurwa, Ranchi. Jharkhand-834 004
E-mail: mssciasa.jhk@gmail.com / website: www.jseiaa.in

Letter No. : EC/SEIAA/2025-26/3950/2025/

Ranchi, Date :

**To: Shri Rajesh Kumar Singh,
Settler,
Raj Bharati Siksha Niketan,
Infront of Nissan Motors Showroom, Near Auto Cluster,
Tata Kandra Main Road, Adityapur : 831013.**

Sub. : Environmental Clearance for the project "Proposed Ryan Institute of Techno Science (RITS) managed by Raj Bharati Siksha Niketan, Near 7th Phase Adityapur Industrial area, Village : Bhatia, Thana : Seraikela, Thana no. : 127, District : Saraikela-Kharsawan, Jharkhand" (Proposal No. : SIA/JH/INFRA2/554123/2025) – regarding.

Ref. : Your application no. Nil, dated – 04.10.2025.

It is in reference to the project "Proposed Ryan Institute of Techno Science (RITS) managed by Raj Bharati Siksha Niketan, Near 7th Phase Adityapur Industrial area, Village : Bhatia, Thana : Seraikela, Thana no. : 127, District : Saraikela-Kharsawan, Jharkhand" submitted by you for seeking prior Environmental Clearances (EC).

This is a new project which has been taken for appraisal on 10.10.2025.

Project Sector: 8(a) Building and Construction Projects , Category: B2.

Application for Environmental Clearance (EC) as per EIA notification, 2006.

Raj Bharati Siksha Niketan has Proposed Ryan Institute of Techno Science (RITS) located at Industrial Plot No.- IC-1, 2 & 3, (Survey Plot No.: 45(P), 41(P), 42(P)) Near 7th Phase Adityapur Industrial area, Dist.- Saraikela- Kharsawan, Jharkhandon the total land area measuring 28732.04 Sqm. The proposed built-up area is 50828.4 Sqm.

Salient Features of the Project

Sr. No.	Particulars	
1.	Latitude	22°47'46.88 "N
2.	Longitude	86° 8'7.61 "E
3.	Total Plot area	28732.04 Sqm
4.	Permissible FAR @ 2.25	64647.09 Sqm
5.	Proposed FAR@ 1.37	39444.3 Sqm
6.	Non FAR Area (Cutout, &	11384.1 Sqm

	deduction, Parking Stair, Lift, etc.)		
7.	Total Built-up Area	50828.4 Sqm	
8.	Parking provided (GF +Basement)	3382.29 Sqm	
9.	Surface Parking area	499.34 Sqm	
10.	Total parking proposed	3881.63 Sqm	
11.	Permissible Ground Coverage @ 50%	14366.02 Sqm	
12.	Proposed Ground Coverage	8533.01 Sqm	
13.	Green area Provided @ 23.41 of the plot area	6727.42 Sqm	
14.	Greenbelt area @ 16.15 % of the plot area	4640.22 sqm	
15.	Green Cover area @ 7.26 %	2087.20 sqm	
16.	Road Area	3842 Sqm	
17.	Open & Paved Area	19102.43 Sqm	
18.	Rain Water Harvesting Pits (with size)	5 Nos. (22.62 Cumec)	
19.	STP Capacity	70 KLD	
20.	Maximum Height of the Building (m)	Approx. 22.50 m (G+6)	
21.	Power Requirement	600 KVA	
22.	Power Backup	DG Set Capacity : 200 KVA	
23.	Total Water Requirement	~86 KLD	
24.	Fresh/Domestic Water Requirement	~39 KLD	
25.	Reuse of Recycled Water	~47 KLD	
26.	Waste Water Generated	~58 KLD	
27.	Solid Waste Generated (Operational)	~204 Kg/day	
28.	Biodegradable Waste (Operational)	~82 Kg/day	
29.	Non-Biodegradable Waste (Operational)	~122 Kg/day	
30.	Types of Buildings	Academic, Residential, Auditorium, workshop, Administrative Block.	
31.	Basement	1	
32.	Stories	Block details	Floors
		ACADEMIC BLOCK A1	G+6
		ACADEMIC BLOCK A2	G+6
		RESIDENTIAL BLOCK A1	G+4
		RESIDENTIAL BLOCK A2	G+4
		RESSIDENTIAL BLOCK A3	G+4
		AUDITORIUM	B+G+1
		WORK SHOP	G

		(ADMINISTRATIVE BUILDING)	G+6
33.	Total Cost of the project		38.44 Crores
34.	EMP Budget		During Construction: Capital: 31 Lakhs Recurring: 15 Lakhs
			Operational Cost: Capital: 101 Lakhs Recurring: 28 Lakhs
35.	Construction Phase:	i) Water Requirement & Source	Fresh water – 9 KLD Treated wastewater-12 KLD Source: Tanker water supply
		ii) STP (Modular)	20 KLD

Details of Site Surroundings and Connectivity

S. No.	Description		Distance and Direction
1.	Nearest Junction	Adityapur Railway Station	Approx. 2.70 Km, towards ESE
	Nearest Railway Station	Gamharia Junction	Approx. 3.53 Km, towards West
2.	Nearest Airport	BirsaMundaAirport	Approx. 101 km, North West
3.	Nearest Village	Gamharia	Approx. 3.95 km, towards WNW
		Kadma	Approx. 3.20 km, towards ESE Approx. 1.20 km, towards ENE
4.	Nearest Highway/Roads	NH-118 SH-5	Adjacent to site Adjacent to site
5.	Nearest School & College	Shree Ran Public School Adityapur Kerala Public School Kadma Government Polytechnic College	Approx. 0.22km, towards East Approx. 1.45 km, towards ENE Approx. 1.48km, towards ESE
6.	Nearest Hospital	Govt, Hospital Gamharia	Approx. 3.02 km, towards WNW
		Kantilal Gandhi Memorial Hospital TMHHospital	Approx. 4.20 km, towards ESE Approx. 4.10 km, towards East
7.	Places of worship	Kali Mandir Sridungri	Approx. 0.22 km, towards NW
		Mata Kali Mandir Adityapur	Approx. 0.70 km, towards NW

8.	Water Bodies	Sitarampur Reservoir Kharkai River Subarnarekha River	Approx. 3.14 km, towards WSW Approx. 0.76 km, towards ENE Approx. 4.90 km, towards North
9.	Nearest Town	Adityapur	Approx. 3.17 km, towards ESE
10.	Sanctuary	Dalma Wild life Sanctuary	Approx. 12.83 km, towards NNE
11.	Reserve Forest/ Zoo	Ukam Hill Forest	Approx. 9.92 km, towards SSE

LAND DETAILS

Khata no.	Plot no.
60	45 (P), 41 (P) & 42 (P)
Industrial Plot no.	
IC-1, 2 & 3	

Detailed Area Statement

Sr. No.	Particulars	
1.	Total Plot area	28732.04 Sqm
2.	Permissible FAR @ 2.25	64647.09 Sqm
3.	Proposed FAR@ 1.37	39444.3 Sqm
4.	Non-FAR Area (Cutout, & deduction, Parking Stair, Lift, etc.)	11384.1 Sqm
5.	Total Built-up Area	50828.4 Sqm
6.	Parking provided (GF +Basement)	3382.29 Sqm
7.	Surface Parking area	499.34 Sqm
8.	Total parking proposed	3881.63 Sqm
9.	Permissible Ground Coverage @ 50%	14366.02 Sqm
10.	Proposed Ground Coverage	8533.01 Sqm
11.	Greenbelt area Provided @ 23.41	6727.42 Sqm
12.	Greenbelt area @ 16.15 % of the plot area	4640.22 sqm
13.	Green Cover area @ 7.26 %	2087.20 sqm
14.	Road Area	3842 Sqm

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Details of Buildings Blocks

S. N.	Block	Gross Built Up Area (Sq.mt.)	Deductions From Gross BUA (Area in Sq.mt.) - Cutout	Total Built Up Area (Sq.mt.)	Total FAR Area (Sq.mt.)
1	ACADEMIC BLOCK A1)	23828	5040.54	18787.4	18370.6
2	ACADEMIC BLOCK A2	12945.7	2054.64	10891	10619.7
3	RESSIDENTIAL BLOCK A1)	2271.99	0	2271.99	1833.95
4	RESSIDENTIAL BLOCK A2	1526.18	0	1526.18	1239.04
5	RESSIDENTIAL BLOCK A3	1016.2	0	1016.2	812.52
6	AUDITORIUM	4409.95	0	4409.95	2360.65
7	WORK SHOP	784.47	0	784.47	784.47
8	ADMINISTRATIVE BUILDING	4045.99	27.07	4018.92	3423.44
	Total	50828.4	7122.25	43706.2	39444.3

Calculation of Population

Block	Flat	No. of Units population	Population
Residential Block	48 (16 -1BHK, 16-2BHK, 16-3 BHK)	4/5/6/	240
Visitors in residence	10% of Residential Population		24
Academic Students			720
Staff including admin, security, teaching etc.			213
Total			1197

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Parking Details

Building Name	Sub Use	Units Reqd.	Units Prop.	Car Reqd./ Unit	Car Reqd.	Car Prop.	Visitors Car Reqd.	Visitors Car Prop	Two Wheeler Reqd./ Unit	Two Wheeler Reqd.	Two Wheeler Prop.
Academic Block A1	Educational Building	150	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Academic Block A2	Educational Building	150	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Residential Block A1	Residential Bul./Apartment	1	4	1	4	-	1	-	1	4	-
Residential Block A2	Residential Bul./Apartment	1	4	1	4	-	1	-	1	4	-
Residential Block A3	Staff Quarters	1	4	1	4	-	1	-	-	-	-
Auditorium	Educational Building	150	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Work Shop	Educational Building	150	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administrative Block)	Educational Building	150	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	12	64	3	5	-	8	129

Calculation of Green belt

Total Plot Area	28732.04 Sqm.
Total Green area provided @ ~23.41 % of Plot Area	6727.42 Sqm
Greenbelt area @ 16.15 % of the plot area	4640.22 sqm
Green Cover area @ 7.26 % of the plot area	2087.2 sqm
Total No. of Trees will be Planted @ 1 tree per 80 Sqm. of Plot Area	359 Nos.

Details of Water Requirement

S.N.	Description	Number of units	Total Population	Water Requirement				Total Water Requirement	Total wastewater
				Flushing		Domestic			
				LPCD	in LPD	LPCD	in LPD		
1.0	Academic Students	..	720	20.00	14400.00	25.00	18000.00	32400.00	28800.00

2.0	Staff including admin, security, teaching etc.	..	213	20.00	4260.00	25.00	5325.00	9585.00	8520
3.0	Residential Unit	48	240	35.00	8400.00	65.00	15600.00	24000.00	20880
4.0	Visitors @10% of Residence population		24	10.00	240.00	5.00	120.00	360.00	336
	Sub Total				27300.00		39045.00	66345.00	58536
	Landscape water	6727.42 Sqm, 3 Lit/sqm						20182.00	
	Total				27 KLD		39 KLD	86 KLD	58 K

Details of Waste water Generation and STP Capacity

Waste water generated is ~58 KLD, which will be treated in the onsite STP of capacity 20% more than the waste water generated i.e. 70 KLD. The treated water available is 47 KLD (which is of 80 % total waste water enter in the STP) and it will be recycled and re-used 27 KLD for flushing, 20 KLD for irrigation of landscape area.

Details	Water (KLD)
Water requirement for domestic purpose	39
Wastewater to be generated from domestic use (@ 80% of domestic water requirement)	31
Water requirement for Flushing Purpose	27
Wastewater to be generated from Flushing (@ 100% of flushing requirement)	27
Total Wastewater generated	58
STP capacity 20% higher than total waste water	70

Solid waste Generation details

S. No	Description	Population	Unit rate Waste Generation	Formula	Solid Waste (Kg/day)	Bio-degradable (Kg/day)	Non-biodegradable (Kg/day)
1.0	Academic Students	720	0.05 to 0.2 kg/capita/day	0.1	72	28.8	43.2
2.0	Staff including admin,	213	0.05 to 0.2 kg/capita/day	0.1	21.3	8.52	12.78

	security, etc.		y				
4.0	Residential Unit	240	0.3 to 0.6 kg/capita/day	0.45	108	43.2	64.8
9.0	Visitors @10% of Residence population	24	0.05 to 0.2 kg/capita/day	0.125	3	1.2	1.8
			Total		204	82	122

Energy Conservation Measures

S. No.	Net Energy saved (weighted Average Calculation)	
1.	Solar Based lighting will be done in the common areas, Signages, entry gates and boundary walls etc. @5%	30 KVA
2.	LED Based lighting will be done in the dwelling units	23.66 KVA
3.	Usage of energy efficient Lift (VVVF non gear lifts)	48 KVA
	Total Energy saved	101.66 KVA
	Total Energy consumption	600 KW
	Total Energy saving	16.94 %

Environmental Management Cost – Construction Phase

Sr. No.	Component	Particulars	Capital Investment (Lakhs)	Recurring Expenditure per Annum (Lakhs)
1.	Air	Anti-Smog Gun	5.0	2
2.	Water	Mobile STP, etc.	5.0	2.5
3.	Solid and C&D Waste and its Management	Stack yard and its management	3.0	2.5
4.	Occupational Health & Safety	Health medical checkup of workers, PPEs for Workers. Emergency Preparedness, Fire hydrant systems, fire extinguishers, emergency control room, OHC and HAZOP study.	3	2.0

Signature

Signature

Signature

5.	Environment Monitoring & Management	Environment Monitoring as per monitoring plan 1. Green Curtain on under construction building 2. Wind breaking wall of 3 meter height	10.0	3.0
6.	Green Belt	Development and maintenance of green belt	5.0	3.0
Total (Rs.)			31	15

Environmental Management Cost – Operation Phase

Sr. No.	Component	Particulars	Capital Investment (Lakhs)	Recurring Expenditure per Annum (Lakhs)
1.	Air	Stack emission control	3.0	2.00
2.	Water	Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) of 70 KLD capacity	50	10.0
3.	Rain Water Harvesting	Installation of RWH System & Annual Cleaning of RWH tank	15	3.00
4.	Solid waste Area and its Management	Purchase of Containers for Storage of Waste Installation of OWC for Bio-degradable waste of 100 Kg/day	3 10	5.00
5.	Environment Monitoring & Management	Environment Monitoring as per monitoring plan	0.00	3.0
6.	Green Belt	Development and maintenance of green belt	5	1.5
7.	Others	Energy saving devices, miscellaneous i.e. E-Vehicle Charging Point, Solar etc.	15	3.5
Total (Rs.)			101	28

Organization Structure

Organizational Structure:

Introduction

The Environmental Management Plan (EMP) Cell has been established to ensure environmental sustainability and compliance with regulatory requirements for the building

construction project. This project aims to minimize environmental harm, promote sustainable practices, ensure compliance with regulations, and foster community engagement and transparency. The EMP Cell will provide a framework for identifying, assessing, and mitigating potential environmental impacts associated with the Construction activities.

Environmental Policy

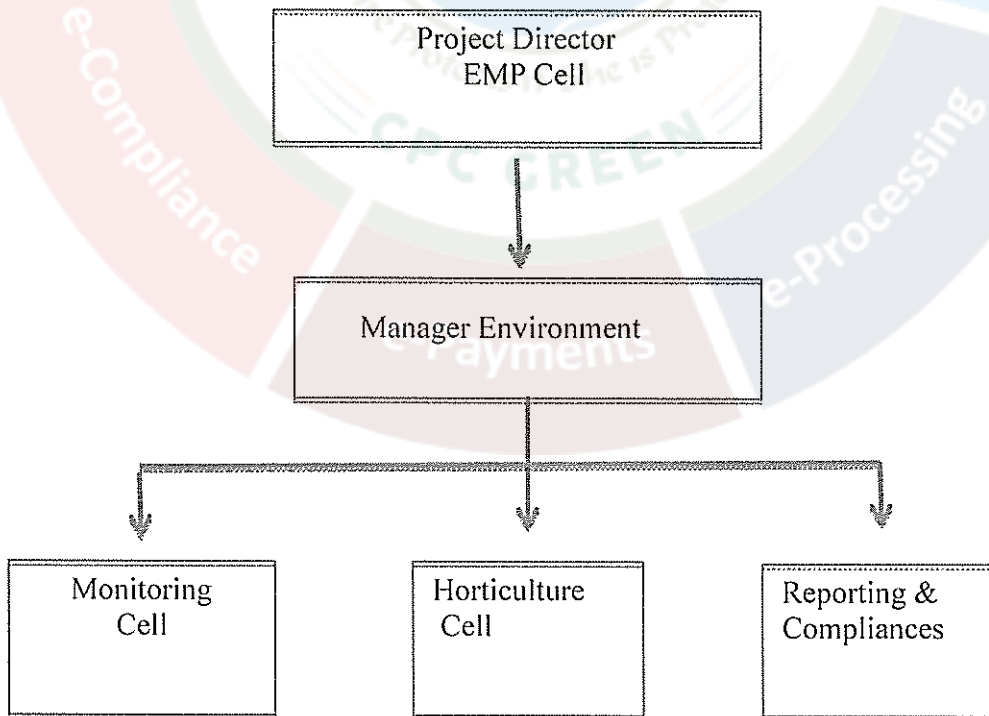
Our company is committed to:

- Minimizing environmental harm through responsible Construction practices
- Promoting sustainable practices to conserve natural resources
- Ensuring compliance with regulatory requirements and industry standards
- Fostering community engagement and transparency through open communication

EMP Cell Objectives

The EMP Cell objectives are:

- Minimize environmental impacts on air, water, soil, and biodiversity
- Ensure compliance with regulatory requirements and industry standards
- Promote sustainable practices through efficient resource utilization
- Enhance community engagement and transparency through regular updates



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Monitoring Period:**Construction Phase:**

S. No.	Type	Locations	Parameters	Period and Frequency
1.	Ambient Air Quality Monitoring	As per requirement	SO ₂ , NO ₂ , PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5} and CO	Once in a Six month.
2.	Ambient Noise Monitoring	As per requirement	Noise level L _{eq} both during day time and night time	Once in a Six month.
3.	Water Quality Testing (Portability testing)	(i) Any operational bore well (ii) One of the Drinking Water Point (iii)	Drinking water parameters as per IS 10500:2005.	Once in a Six month.
4.	Treated Wastewater Quality	Inlet and outlet of the STP	Parameters for assessing compliance with standards for recycling and horticulture use	Once in a Six month.

Operation Phase:

S. No.	Type	Locations	Parameters	Period and Frequency
1.	Ambient Air Quality Monitoring	As per requirement	SO ₂ , NO ₂ , PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5} and CO	Once in a Six month.
2.	Ambient Noise Monitoring	As per requirement	Noise level L _{eq} both during day time and night time	Once in a Six month.
3.	Water Quality Testing (Potability testing)	(i) Any operational borewell (ii) One of the Drinking Water Point	Drinking water parameters as per IS 10500:2012.	Once in a Six month.

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4.	Treated Wastewater Quality	Inlet and outlet of the STP	Parameters for assessing compliance with standards for recycling and horticulture use	Once in a Six month.
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Statutory Clearances:

1	Land Docs	: Land allotted by Jharkhand Industrial Area Development Authority, Deptt. of Industries, Mines & Geology, Govt. of Jharkhand vide allotment order no. LA/AD/SW/00498/2019, dated 05.06.2019 for 30 years. The said land has been transferred by the Department of Forest & Environment, Govt. of Jharkhand to AIADA, Adityapur for non – forestry work vide notification no. Forest-47/2006-1910 oãia] dated 01.07.2009. The said land has been transferred to AIADA prior to 25.10.1980.
2	DFO Territorial	: DFO, Saraikela Forest Division vide letter no. 361, dated 11.02.2025 certified that the distance of reserved / protected forest is less than 250 meters from project site. Plot no. 41 (P) is the notified forest land, which has been transferred to AIADA, Adityapur for non – forestry work vide notification no. Forest-47/2006-1910 oãia] dated 01.07.2009 of Department of Forest & Environment, Govt. of Jharkhand.
3	DFO Wildlife	: DFO, Dalma Elephant Project vide letter no. 3577, dated 23.09.2024 certified that proposed project site is out side Eco Sensitive Zone of Dalma Wildlife Sanctuary.
4	CO certificate	: The CO, Gamharia vide letter no. 1007, dated 25.09.2024 has mentioned the plot no. 41 of the project is recorded as “Jungle” in Khatiyani and other plot no. 42 and 45 of the project is recorded as “Purani Parti”. Department of Forest & Environment, Govt. of Jharkhand has been transferred the said land to AIADA, Adityapur for non – forestry work vide notification no. Forest-47/2006-1910 oãia] dated 01.07.2009.
5	AAI NOC	: Airport authority of India issued NOC vide NOC ID no. RANC /EAST /B/ 091124/1221929, dated 21.11.2024 valid up to 20.11.2032.

6	Building Plan approval	:	Building plan approved by Jharkhand Industrial Area Development Authority vide memo no. JIADA/BP/0032/2023, dated 11.09.2024.
7	Fire Department	:	Fire Advisory has been issued by Fire Department, Jharkhand, Ranchi, vide memo no. 7157/Tech./2023, dated 23.12.2023.

State Level Environment Level Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA), Jharkhand in its 127th meeting held on 04th & 05th November, 2025 discussed the project proposal along with recommendations made by SEAC in its 127th meeting held on 09th, 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th October, 2025 and decided to grant EC to the project.

On the basis of recommendation of SEAC and decision of SEIAA to grant of EC, Environmental Clearance is hereby issued to the “Proposed Ryan Institute of Techno Science (RITS) managed by Raj Bharati Siksha Niketan, Near 7th Phase Adityapur Industrial area, Village : Bhatia, Thana : Seraikela, Thana no. : 127, District : Saraikela-Kharsawan, Jharkhand” alongwith the following specific conditions as recommended by SEAC:

I. Specific Conditions:

- i. This Environmental Clearance is valid subject to the following condition below –
That this project has-
 - a. Obtained all legal rights to operate at concerned place.
 - b. Complied with all existing concerned laws of the land and
 - c. Complied with the decisions of SEIAA on the issue of Environmental Clearance till date.
- ii. In compliance of OM no.F.No. IA3-22/3/2024-IA.III (E-241594) dated 24.07.2024 of MoEF&CC, Govt. of India plantation of saplings shall be carried out in the earmarked green belt area as the part of tree plantation campaign “*Ek Ped Ma Ke Naam*” and the details of the same shall be uploaded in the MeriLiFE Portal (<https://merilife.nic.in>). 10% of the total green belt proposed shall be allocated under this clause.
- iii. Ground water to be drawn for use in the project only after obtaining permission from the Competent Authority.
- iv. Environment management system including organization structure to be drawn to ensure compliance of EC conditions stipulated based on principles of Continual Improvement and periodical management review.
- v. All raw material to be stored only under covered shed.
- vi. PAs to offset (upto20%) consumption of conventional energy sources by promoting use of solar energy, passive energy utilization, optimum fenestration, shading effect and heat islands.

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- vii. **Developers to promote solar energy generation such that it offsets not less than 02 % of connected load.**
- viii. **Trees should be developed & maintained not less than 15% of project area.**
- ix. **Organic Waste Converter (OWC) to be installed of sufficient capacity such that all organic waste (bio degradable) generated is composted at source only.**
- x. **Developers/Company to install STP of sufficient capacity such that all the sewer produced is treated and reused.**
- xi. **Developers/Company to install Rain water harvesting structures such that all the roof top water runoff is collected and harvested including reuse on 100% basis.**
- xii. **Developers/Company to conduct and submit carbon footprint and carbon sequestration study report including mitigation measures as a part of EC compliance.**
- xiii. **Water runoff originating from open non constructed areas of project premises to be harvested /guided in such a way that it does not create water logging condition outside.**
- xiv. **Sufficient number of EV fast charging points to be installed.**
- xv. **MSW Collection centre should be located in isolated and preferably unmanned area. Movement of the vehicle carrying waste should be under tarpaulin covered condition only. Route of vehicle should be such that it avoids residential areas as far as practical.**
- xvi. **ISO 14k EMS system standard to be followed for implementation of EMPs with MRM in place for feedback to Sr management.**
- xvii. **Install the required STP, if project start functioning before commencing or functioning of CETP of Municipal Corporation.**
- xviii. **This Environmental Clearance is granted subject to final outcome of Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, Hon'ble High Court, Hon'ble NGT, MoEF & CC and any other Court of Law, if any, as may be applicable to this project.**
- xix. **Environmental clearance is subject to obtaining prior clearance from forestry and Wildlife angle including clearance from standing committee of NBWL, as may be applicable to this project (in case any fauna occurs / is found in the Project area or if the area involves forest land or Wildlife habitat i.e. core zone of elephant/tiger reserve etc. and or located with in 10 km. of protected area).**
- xx. **The project proponent may apply simultaneously for forest and NBWL clearance, in order to complete the formalities without undue delay, which till process on their respective merits, no rights will vest in or accrue to them unless all clearance are obtained.**
- xxi. **This Environmental Clearance shall be valid subject to the sustainable environmental management.**







II. Statutory Compliance :

- i. The project proponent shall obtain all necessary clearance/ permission from all relevant agencies including town planning authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building byelaws.
- ii. The approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for structural safety of buildings due to earthquakes, adequacy of fire fighting equipment etc as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightening etc.
- iii. The project proponent shall obtain forest clearance under the provisions of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980, in case of the diversion of forest land for non-forest purpose involved in the project.
- iv. In the writ petition (Civil) no. 202/1995, T.N. Godaverman Thirumulpad vs union of India and ors. the Hon'ble Supreme Court passed an order dated 03.06.2022 " National Park or Wildlife Sanctuary must have an ESZ of minimum 01 km in which the activities prescribed and prescribed in the guidelines of 09th February, 2011 shall be strictly adhered to".
- v. The project proponent shall obtain clearance from the National Board for Wildlife, if applicable.
- vi. The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish / Operate under the provisions of Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 from the concerned State Pollution Control Board/ Committee.
- vii. The project proponent shall obtain the necessary permission for drawl of ground water / surface water required for the project from the competent authority.
- viii. A certificate of adequacy of available power from the agency supplying power to the project along with the load allowed for the project should be obtained.
- ix. All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, Civil Aviation Department shall be obtained, as applicable, by project proponents from the respective competent authorities.
- x. The provisions of the Solid Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, e-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, and the Plastics Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 shall be followed.
- xi. The project proponent shall follow the ECBC/ECBC-R prescribed by Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Ministry of Power strictly.
- xii. Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel (kerosene/gas) for cooking, safe drinking water, medical health care, etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after completion of the project.
- xiii. Provision of drinking water, waste water disposal, solid wastes management and primary health facilities shall be ensured for labour force. Proper sanitation facilities



shall be provided at the construction site to prevent health related problems. Domestic as well as sanitary wastes from construction camps shall be cleared regularly.

- xiv. All the labourers to be engaged for construction works shall be screened for health and adequately treated before issue of work permits. The contractor shall ensure periodic health check-up of construction workers.
- xv. All vehicles/equipment deployed during construction phase shall be ensured in good working condition and shall conform to applicable air and noise emission standards. These shall be operated only during non-peaking hours.
- xvi. Accumulation/stagnation of water shall be avoided ensuring vector control.
- xvii. Water during construction phase should be preferred from Municipal supply.
- xviii. Unskilled construction labourers shall be recruited from the local areas.
- xix. Monitoring of ground water table and quality once in three months shall be carried out. Construction of tube wells, bore wells shall be strictly regulated.
- xx. Adequate provision shall be made to cater the parking needs. Parking spaces standards as given in "Manual on Norms and Standards for Environmental Clearance of Large Construction Projects" issued by Ministry of Environment and Forests, Government of India shall be adopted.
- xxi. Rest room facilities shall be provided for service population.
- xxii. Water body falling within premises (if any) shall not be lined or no embankment shall be cemented. The water bodies, if any, shall be kept in natural conditions without disturbing the ecological habitat.
- xxiii. Construction shall conform to the requirements of local seismic regulations. The project proponent shall obtain permission for the plans and designs including structural design, standards and specifications of all construction work from concerned authority.

III. Air quality monitoring and preservation:

- i. Notification GSR 94(E) dated 25.01.2018 of MoEF&CC regarding Mandatory Implementation of Dust Mitigation Measures for Construction and Demolition Activities for projects requiring Environmental Clearance shall be complied with.
- ii. A management plan shall be drawn up and implemented to contain the current exceedance in ambient air quality at the site.
- iii. The project proponent shall install system to carryout Ambient Air Quality monitoring for common/criterion parameters relevant to the main pollutants released (e.g. PM10 and PM25) covering upwind and downwind directions during the construction period.
- iv. Diesel power generating sets proposed as source of backup power should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. Use of low sulphur diesel. The location of the DG sets may be decided with in consultation with State Pollution Control Board.

- v. Construction site shall be adequately barricaded before the construction begins. Dust, smoke & other air pollution prevention measures shall be provided for the building as well as the site. These measures shall include screens for the building under construction, continuous dust/ wind breaking walls all around the site (at least 3 meter height). Plastic/tarpaulin sheet covers shall be provided for vehicles bringing in sand, cement, murrum and other construction materials prone to causing dust pollution at the site as well as taking out debris from the site.
- vi. Sand, murrum, loose soil, cement, stored on site shall be covered adequately so as to prevent dust pollution.
- vii. Wet jet shall be provided for grinding and stone cutting.
- viii. Unpaved surfaces and loose soil shall be adequately sprinkled with water to suppress dust.
- ix. All construction and demolition debris shall be stored at the site (and not dumped on the roads or open spaces outside) before they are properly disposed. All demolition and construction waste shall be managed as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Rules 2016.
- x. The diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase shall be low sulphur diesel type and shall conform to Environmental (Protection) prescribed for air and noise emission standards.
- xi. The gaseous emissions from DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate the noise pollution. Low sulphur diesel shall be used. The location of the DG set and exhaust pipe height shall be as per the provisions of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) norms.
- xii. For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.

IV. Water quality monitoring and preservation:

- i. The natural drain system should be maintained for ensuring unrestricted flow of water. No construction shall be allowed to obstruct the natural drainage through the site, on wetland and water bodies. Check dams, bio-swales, landscape, and other sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) are allowed for maintaining the drainage pattern and to harvest rain water.
- ii. Buildings shall be designed to follow the natural topography as much as possible. Minimum cutting and filling should be done.
- iii. Total fresh water use shall not exceed the proposed requirement as provided in the project details.
- iv. The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.

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- v. A certificate shall be obtained from the local body supplying water, specifying the total annual water availability with the local authority, the quantity of water already committed, the quantity of water allotted to the project under consideration and the balance water available. This should be specified separately for ground water and surface water sources, ensuring that there is no impact on other users.
- vi. At least 20% of the open spaces as required by the local building bye-laws shall be pervious. Use of Grass pavers, paver blocks with at least 50% opening, landscape etc. would be considered as pervious surface.
- vii. Installation of dual pipe plumbing for supplying fresh water for drinking, cooking and bathing etc and other for supply of recycled water for flushing, landscape irrigation, car washing, thermal cooling, conditioning etc. shall be done.
- viii. Use of water saving devices/ fixtures (viz. low flow flushing systems; use of low flow faucets tap aerators etc) for water conservation shall be incorporated in the building plan.
- ix. Separation of grey and black water should be done by the use of dual plumbing system. In case of single stack system separate recirculation lines for flushing by giving dual plumbing system be done.
- x. Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.
- xi. The local bye-law provisions on rain water harvesting should be followed. If local byelaw provision is not available, adequate provision for storage and recharge should be followed as per the Ministry of Urban Development Model Building Byelaws, 2016. Rain water harvesting recharge pits/storage tanks shall be provided for ground water recharging as per the CGWB norms.
- xii. A rain water harvesting plan needs to be designed where the recharge bores of minimum one recharge bore per 5,000 square meters of built up area and storage capacity of minimum one day of total fresh water requirement shall be provided. In areas where ground water recharge is not feasible, the rain water should be harvested and stored for reuse. The ground water shall not be withdrawn without approval from the Competent Authority.
- xiii. All recharge should be limited to shallow aquifer.
- xiv. No ground water shall be used during construction phase of the project.
- xv. Any ground water dewatering should be properly managed and shall conform to the approvals and the guidelines of the CGWA in the matter. Formal approval shall be taken from the CGWA for any ground water abstraction or dewatering.
- xvi. The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.

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- xvii. Sewage shall be treated in the STP with tertiary treatment. The treated effluent from STP shall be recycled/re-used for flushing, AC make up water and gardening. As proposed, no treated water shall be disposed in to municipal drain.
- xviii. No sewage or untreated effluent water would be discharged through storm water drains.
- xix. Onsite sewage treatment of capacity of treating 100% waste water to be installed based on the MBBR/MBR/SBR technology. The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) shall be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Ministry before the project is commissioned for operation. Treated waste water shall be reused on site for landscape, flushing, cooling tower, and other end-uses. Excess treated water shall be discharged as per statutory norms notified by Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change. Natural treatment systems shall be promoted.
- xx. Periodical monitoring of water quality of treated sewage shall be conducted. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem from STP.
- xxi. Sludge from the onsite sewage treatment, including septic tanks, shall be collected, conveyed and disposed as per the Ministry of Urban Development, Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO) Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013.

V. Noise monitoring and prevention:

- i. Ambient noise levels shall conform to residential area/commercial area/industrial area/silence zone both during day and night as per Noise Pollution (Control and Regulation) Rules, 2000. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality shall be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures shall be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB / SPCB.
- ii. Noise level survey shall be carried as per the prescribed guidelines and report in this regard shall be submitted to Regional Officer of the Ministry as a part of six-monthly compliance report.
- iii. Acoustic enclosures for DG sets, noise barriers for ground-run bays, ear plugs for operating personnel shall be implemented as mitigation measures for noise impact due to ground sources.

VI. Energy Conservation measures:

- i. Compliance with the Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC) of Bureau of Energy Efficiency shall be ensured. Buildings in the States which have notified their own ECBC, shall comply with the State ECBC.
- ii. Outdoor and common area lighting shall be LED.
- iii. Concept of passive solar design that minimize energy consumption in buildings by using design elements, such as building orientation, landscaping, efficient building envelope, appropriate fenestration, increased day lighting design and thermal mass etc. shall be incorporated in the building design. Wall, window, and roof u-values shall be as per ECBC specifications.

- iv. Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs/ LED for the lighting the area outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning.
- v. Solar, wind or other Renewable Energy shall be installed to meet electricity generation equivalent to 1% of the demand load or as per the state level/ local building bye-laws requirement, whichever is higher.
- vi. Solar power shall be used for lighting in the apartment to reduce the power load on grid. Separate electric meter shall be installed for solar power. Solar water heating shall be provided to meet 20% of the hot water demand of the commercial and institutional building or as per the requirement of the local building bye-laws, whichever is higher. Residential buildings are also recommended to meet its hot water demand from solar water heaters, as far as possible.

VII. Waste Management:

- i. A certificate from the competent authority handling municipal solid wastes, indicating the existing civic capacities of handling and their adequacy to cater to the M.S.W. generated from project shall be obtained.
- ii. Disposal of muck during construction phase shall not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
- iii. Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at the ground level for facilitating segregation of waste. Solid waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials.
- iv. Organic waste compost/ Vermiculture pit/ Organic Waste Converter within the premises with a minimum capacity of 0.3 kg /person/day must be installed.
- v. All non-biodegradable waste shall be handed over to authorized recyclers for which a written tie up must be done with the authorized recyclers.
- vi. Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase, shall be disposed off as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the State Pollution Control Board.
- vii. Use of environment friendly materials in bricks, blocks and other construction materials, shall be required for at least 20% of the construction material quantity. These include Fly Ash bricks, hollow bricks, AACs, Fly Ash Lime Gypsum blocks, Compressed earth blocks, and other environment friendly materials.
- viii. Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provision of Fly Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003 and 25th January, 2016. Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction.
- ix. Any wastes from construction and demolition activities related thereto shall be managed so as to strictly conform to the Construction and Demolition Rules, 2016.

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- x. Used CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/ rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination.

VIII. Green Cover:

- i. No tree can be felled/transplant unless exigencies demand. Where absolutely necessary, tree felling shall be with prior permission from the concerned regulatory authority. Old trees should be retained based on girth and age regulations as may be prescribed by the Forest Department. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted).
- ii. A minimum of 1 tree for every 80 sqm of land should be planted and maintained. The existing trees will be counted for this purpose. The landscape planning should include plantation of native species. The species with heavy foliage, broad leaves and wide canopy cover are desirable. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping.
- iii. Where the trees need to be cut with prior permission from the concerned local Authority, compensatory plantation in the ratio of 1:10 (i.e. planting of 10 trees for every 1 tree that is cut) shall be done and maintained. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted). Area for green belt development shall be provided as per the details provided in the project document.
- iv. Topsoil should be stripped to a depth of 20 cm from the areas proposed for buildings, roads, paved areas, and external services. It should be stockpiled appropriately in designated areas and reapplied during plantation of the proposed vegetation on site.

IX. Transport:

- i. A comprehensive mobility plan, as per MoUD best practices guidelines (URDPFI), shall be prepared to include motorized, non-motorized, public, and private networks. Road should be designed with due consideration for environment, and safety of users. The road system can be designed with these basic criteria.
 - a. Hierarchy of roads with proper segregation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
 - b. Traffic calming measures.
 - c. Proper design of entry and exit points.
 - d. Parking norms as per local regulation.
- ii. Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards be operated only during non-peak hours.
- iii. A detailed traffic management and traffic decongestion plan shall be drawn up to ensure that the current level of service of the roads within a 05 kms radius of the project is maintained and improved upon after the implementation of the project. This plan should be based on cumulative impact of all development and increased habitation being carried out or proposed to be carried out by the project or other agencies in this 05 Kms radius of the site in different scenarios of space and time and the traffic management plan shall be duly validated and certified by the State Urban Development

department and the P.W.D./ competent authority for road augmentation and shall also have their consent to the implementation of components of the plan which involve the participation of these departments.

X. Human Health Issues:

- i. All workers working at the construction site and involved in loading, unloading, carriage of construction material and construction debris or working in any area with dust pollution shall be provided with dust mask.
- ii. For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.
- iii. Emergency preparedness plan based on the Hazard identification and Risk Assessment (HIRA) and Disaster Management Plan shall be implemented.
- iv. Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
- v. Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis.
- vi. A First Aid Room shall be provided in the project both during construction and operations of the project.

XI. Corporate Environment Responsibility:

- i. The project proponent shall comply with the provisions contained in this Ministry's OM vide F.No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 1st May 2018, as applicable, regarding Corporate Environment Responsibility.
- ii. The company shall have a well laid down environmental policy duly approved by the Board of Directors. The environmental policy should prescribe for standard operating procedures to have proper checks and balances and to bring into focus any infringements/deviation/violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions. The company shall have defined system of reporting infringements / deviation / violation of the environmental / forest / wildlife norms / conditions and / or shareholders / stake holders. The copy of the board resolution in this regard shall be submitted to the MoEF&CC as a part of six-monthly report.
- iii. A separate Environmental Cell both at the project and company head quarter level, with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of senior Executive, who will directly to the head of the organization.
- iv. Action plan for implementing EMP and environmental conditions along with responsibility matrix of the company shall be prepared and shall be duly approved by competent authority. The year wise funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate account and not to be diverted for any other purpose. Year wise progress of implementation of action plan shall be reported to the Ministry/Regional Office along with the Six Monthly Compliance Report.

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XII. Miscellaneous:

- i. The project proponent shall prominently advertise it at least in two local newspapers of the District or State, of which one shall be in the vernacular language within seven days indicating that the project has been accorded environment clearance and the details of MoEF&CC/SEIAA website where it is displayed.
- ii. The copies of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the project proponents to the Heads of local bodies, Panchayats and Municipal Bodies in addition to the relevant offices of the Government who in turn has to display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.
- iii. The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and update the same on half-yearly basis.
- iv. The project proponent shall submit six-monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated environmental conditions on the website of the ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at environment clearance portal.
- v. The project proponent shall submit the environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently and put on the website of the company.
- vi. The project proponent shall inform the Regional Office as well as the Ministry, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities, commencing the land development work and start of production operation by the project.
- vii. The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the State Pollution Control Board and the State Government.
- viii. The project proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations made in the EIA/EMP report, commitment made during Public Hearing and also that during their presentation to the Expert Appraisal Committee.
- ix. No further expansion or modifications in the plant shall be carried out without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEF&CC).
- x. Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data may result in revocation of this environmental clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
- xi. The Ministry / SEIAA / SEAC may revoke or suspend the clearance, if implementation of any of the above conditions is not satisfactory.
- xii. The Ministry / SEIAA / SEAC reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions if found necessary. The Company in a time bound manner shall implement these conditions.

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- xiii. It shall be mandatory for the project management to submit six (06) monthly compliance report in respect of the stipulated prior Environmental Clearance terms and conditions in hard copies and soft copies to the regulatory authority concerned Regional Office of MoEF & CC at Ranchi and Jharkhand State Pollution Control Board (J.S.P.C.B.), Ranchi / CPCB as per direction contained in EIA Notification, 2006 and as amended vide OM No. J-11013/5/2009-IA.II dated : 29.06.2010, OM No. F.No.J-11013/5/2011-IA.I dated : 05.08.2011 and letter No. J-11013/71/2016-IA I(M) dated : 25.10.2017 of MoEF & CC, Govt. of India.
- xiv. The above conditions shall be enforced, inter-alia under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their amendments and Rules and any other orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India / High Courts and any other Court of Law relating to the subject matter.
- xv. The SEIAA, Jharkhand or any other competent Authority may alter modify the above conditions or stipulate any further condition in the interest of Environment Protection.
- xvi. Any appeal against this EC shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.
- xvii. The Prescribed EC is valid as per Notification no. S.O. 1807(E) dated 12.04.2022 of MoEF & CC, Govt. of India.

Sd/-
Member Secretary
State Level Environment Impact
Assessment Authority, Jharkhand

Memo No. : EC/SEIAA/2025-26/3950/2025/ 486

Ranchi, Date : 06.11.2025

Copy to:


1. Secretary, Department of Forests, Environment & Climate Change, Govt. of Jharkhand.
2. Deputy Commissioner, District – Saraikela-Kharsawan, Jharkhand.
3. Divisional Forest Officer, Saraikela Forest Division, Saraikela, Jharkhand.
4. Deputy Conservator of Forest & Field Director Elephant Project, Jamshedpur, Jharkhand.
5. Director, IA Division, Monitoring Cell, MoEF and Climate Change, Indira Paryavaran Bhavan, Jorbag Road, Aliganj, New Delhi – 110003.
6. Regional Office, Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Govt. of India, 2nd Floor, Jharkhand State Housing Board (HQ), Harmu Chowk, Ranchi, Jharkhand – 834002.

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7. Member Secretary, Jharkhand State Pollution Control Board, Ranchi.
8. Member Secretary, Jharkhand State Expert Appraisal Committee, Ranchi.
9. Website.
10. Guard file.


Member Secretary
State Level Environment Impact
Assessment Authority, Jharkhand

