

File No: EC/SEIAA/2024-25/3118/2024

Government of India

Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (Issued by the State Environment Impact Assessment Authority(SEIAA), JHARKHAND)





Dated 31/05/2024



To,

bijay pratap singh bijay pratap singh

Gali No. 07, Near De Nobili School, Jai Prakash Nagar, Dhanbad, Dhanbad, Jharkhand, DHANBAD,

JHARKHAND, 828001

murgadangastonedeposit.ec@gmail.com

Subject:

Grant of Terms of Reference under the provision of the EIA Notification 2006-regarding.

Sir/Madam,

This is in reference to your application for Grant of Terms of Reference under the provision of the EIA Notification 2006-regarding in respect of project Murgadanga Stone Deposit submitted to Ministry vide proposal number SIA/JH/MIN/472853/2024 dated 14/05/2024.

2. The particulars of the proposal are as below:

(i) TOR Identification No. TO24B0108JH5170647N

(ii) File No. EC/SEIAA/2024-25/3118/2024

(iii) Clearance Type TOR (iv) Category B1

(v) Project/Activity Included Schedule No. 1(a) Mining of minerals (vii) Name of Project Murgadanga Stone Deposit

(viii) Name of Company/Organization bijay pratap singh

(ix) Location of Project (District, State) PAKUR, JHARKHAND

(x) Issuing Authority SEIAA (xii) Applicability of General Conditions no

(xiii) Applicability of Specific Conditions

- 3. In view of the particulars given in the Para 1 above, the project proposal interalia including Form-1(Part A and B) were submitted to the Ministry for an appraisal by the State Environment Impact AssessmentAuthority(SEIAA) Appraisal Committee (SEIAA) in the Ministry under the provision of EIA notification 2006 and its subsequent amendments.
- 4. The above-mentioned proposal has been considered by State Environment Impact AssessmentAuthority(SEIAA)

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Appraisal Committee of SEIAA in the meeting held on 23/05/2024. The minutes of the meeting and all the Application and documents submitted [(viz. Form-1 Part A, Part B, Part C EIA, EMP)] are available on PARIVESH portal which can be accessed by scanning the QR Code above.

- 5. The brief about configuration of plant/equipment, products and byproducts and salient features of the project along with environment settings, as submitted by the Project proponent in Form-1 (Part A, B and C)/EIA & EMP Reports/presented during SEIAA are annexed to this EC as Annexure (1).
- 6. The SEIAA, in its meeting held on 23/05/2024, based on information & clarifications provided by the project proponent and after detailed deliberations recommended the proposal for grant of Terms of Reference under the provision of EIA Notification, 2006 and as amended thereof subject to stipulation of specific and general conditions as detailed in Annexure (2).
- 7. The SEIAA has examined the proposal in accordance with the Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) Notification, 2006 & further amendments thereto and after accepting the recommendations of the State Environment Impact AssessmentAuthority(SEIAA) Appraisal Committee hereby decided to grant Terms of Reference for instant proposal of M/s. bijay pratap singh under the provisions of EIA Notification, 2006 and as amended thereof.
- 8. The Ministry reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions, if found necessary.
- 9. The Terms of Reference to the aforementioned project is under provisions of EIA Notification, 2006. It does not tantamount to approvals/consent/permissions etc. required to be obtained under any other Act/Rule/regulation. The Project Proponent is under obligation to obtain approvals /clearances under any other Acts/ Regulations or Statutes, as applicable, to the project.
- 10. This issues with the approval of the Competent Authority.

Copy To

N/A

Annexure 1

Standard Terms of Reference for (Mining of minerals)

1.

S. No	Terms of Reference
1.1	An EIA-EMP Report shall be prepared for peak capacity (MTPA)operation in an ML/project area ofha based on the generic structure specified in Appendix III of the EIA Notification, 2006.
1.2	An EIA-EMP Report would be prepared for peak capacity operation to cover the impacts and environment management plan for the project specific activities on the environment of the region, and the environmental quality encompassing air, water, land, biotic community, etc. through collection of data and information, generation of data on impacts including prediction modeling for MTPA of coal production based on approved project/Mining Plan forMTPA. Baseline data collection can be for any season (three months) except monsoon.
1.3	If the washery is located within the mine lease or near to the mine lease its location should be cited seperately also, providing pillar cordinates and site layout plan. Insuch cases cumulative impact of mine operation with washery to be assessed and EMP measure to be drawn to the worst scenario
1.4	Plan of mechanized transportation of coal to coal washery also for rejects and washed coal to be drawn

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S. No	Terms of Reference					
1.5	Propoer KML file with pin drop and coordinate of mine at 500-1000 m interval be provided					
1.6	A Study area map of the core zone (project area) and 10 km area of the buffer zone (1: 50,000 scale) clearly delineating the major topographical features such as the land use, surface drainage pattern including rivers/streams/nullahs/canals, locations of human habitations, major constructions including railways, roads, pipelines, major industries, mines, coal washery and other polluting sources. In case of ecologically sensitive areas such as Biosphere Reserves/National Parks/WL Sanctuaries/ Elephant Reserves, forests (Reserved/Protected), migratory corridors of fauna, and areas where endangered fauna and plants of medicinal and economic importance found in the 15 km study area should be given. The above details to be furnished in tabular form also					
1.7	Map showing the core zone delineating the agricultural land (irrigated and un-irrigated, uncultivable land as defined in the revenue records, forest areas (as per records), along with other physical features such as water bodies, etc should be furnished.					
1.8	A contour map showing the area drainage of the core zone and 25 km of the study area (where the water courses of the core zone ultimately join the major rivers/streams outside the lease/project area) should also be clearly indicated in the separate map.					
1.9	Catchment area with its drainage map of 25 km area within and outside the mine shall be provided with names, details of rivers/ riverlet system and its respective order. The map should clearly indicate drainage pattern of the catchment area with basin of major rivers. Diversion of drains/ river need eloboration in form of lengthe, quantity and quality of water to be diverted					
1.10	(Details of mineral reserves, geological status of the study area and the seams to be worked, ultimate working depth and progressive stage-wise working scheme until the end of mine life should be provided on the basis of the approved rated capacity and calendar plans of production from the approved Mining Plan. Geological maps and sections should be included. The Progressive mine development and Conceptual Final Mine Closure Plan should also be shown in figures. Details of mine plan and mine closure plan approval of Competent Authority should be furnished for green field and expansion projects.					
1.11	Details of mining methods, technology, equipment to be used, etc., rationale for selection of specified technology and equipment proposed to be used vis-à-vis the potential impacts should be provided.					
1.12	Impact of mining on hydrology, modification of natural drainage, diversion and channeling of the existing rivers/water courses flowing though the ML and adjoining the lease/project and the impact on the existing users and impacts of mining operations thereon.					
1.13	A detailed Site plan of the mine showing the proposed break-up of the land for mining operations such as the quarry area, OB dumps, green belt, safety zone, buildings, infrastructure, CHP, ETP, Stockyard, township/colony (within and adjacent to the ML), undisturbed area -if any, and landscape features such as existing roads, drains/natural water bodies to be left undisturbed along with any natural drainage adjoining the lease /project areas, and modification of thereof in terms of construction of embankments/bunds, proposed diversion/re-channelling of the water courses, etc., approach roads, major haul roads, etc should be indicated.					
1.14	Original land use (agricultural land/forestland/grazing land/wasteland/water bodies) of the area should be provided as per the tables given below. Impacts of project, if any on the land use, in					

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S. No Terms of Reference					
	particular, agricultural land/forestland/grazing land/water bodies falling within the lease/project and acquired for mining operations should be analyzed. Extent of area under surface rights and under mining rights should be specified. Area under Surface Rights S.N ML/Project Land use Area under Surface Area Under Mining Rights(ha) Rights(ha) (ha) Area under Both (ha) 1 Agricultural land 2 Forest Land 3 Grazing Land 4 Settlements 5 Others (specify) S.N. Details Area (ha) 1 Buildings 2 Infrastructure 3 Roads 4 Others (specify)				
	Total Study on the existing flora and fauna in the study area (10km) should be carried out by an institution				
1.15	of relevant discipline. The list of flora and fauna duly authenticated separately for the core and study area and a statement clearly specifying whether the study area forms a part of the migratory corridor of any endangered fauna should be given. If the study area has endangered flora and fauna, or if the area is occasionally visited or used as a habitat by Schedule-I species, or if the project falls within 15 km of an ecologically sensitive area, or used as a migratory corridor then a Comprehensive Conservation Plan along with the appropriate budgetary provision should be prepared and submitted with EIA-EMP Report; and comments/observation from the CWLW of the State Govt. should also be obtained and furnished.				
1.16	One-season (other than monsoon) primary baseline data on environmental quality - air (PM10, PM2.5, SOx, NOx and heavy metals such as Hg, Pb, Cr, As, etc), noise, water (surface and groundwater), soil - along with one-season met data coinciding with the same season for AAQ collection period should be provided. The detail of NABL/ MoEF&CC certification of the respective laborartory and NABET accreditation of the consultant to be provided.				
1.17	Map (1: 50, 000 scale) of the study area (core and buffer zone) showing the location of various sampling stations superimposed with location of habitats, other industries/mines, polluting sources, should be provided. The number and location of the sampling stations in both core and buffer zones should be selected on the basis of size of lease/project area, the proposed impacts in the downwind (air)/downstream (surface water)/groundwater regime (based on flow). One station should be in the upwind/upstream/non-impact/non-polluting area as a control station. The monitoring should be as per CPCB guidelines and parameters for water testing for both ground water and surface water as per ISI standards and CPCB classification wherever applicable. Observed values should be provided along with the specified standards.				
1.18	For proper baseline air quality assessment, Wind rose pattern in the area should be reviewed and accordingly location of AAMSQ shall be planned by the collection of air quality data by adequate monitoring stations in the downwind areas. Monitoring location for collecting baseline data should				

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S. No	Terms of Reference						
	cover overall the 10 km buffer zone i.e. dispersed in 10 km buffer area. In case of expansion, the displayed data of CAAQMS and its comparison with the monitoring data to be provided						
1.19	A detailed traffic study along with presence of habitation in 100 mts distance from both side of road, the impact on the air quality with its proper measures and plan of action with timeline for widening of road. The project will increase the no. of vehicle along the road which will indirectly contribute to carbon emission so what will be the compensatory action plan should be clearly spell out in EIA/ EMP report.						
1.20	The socio-economic study to conducted with actual survey report and a comparative assessment to be provided from the census data should be provided in EIA/EMP report also occupational status of economic status of the study area and what economically project will contribute should be clearly mention. The study should also include the status of infrastructural facilities and amenities presert in the study area and a comparative assessment with census data to be provided and to link it with the initialization and quantification of need based survey for CSR activities to be followed.						
1.21	The Ecology and biodiversity study should also indicate the likely impact of change in forest area for surface infrastructural development or mining activity in relation to the climate change of that area and what will be the compensatory measure to be adopted by PP to minimize the impact of forest diversion.						
1.22	Baseline data on the health of the population in the impact zone and measures for occupational health and safety of the personnel and manpower for the mine should be submitted.						
1.23	Impact of proposed project/activity on hydrological regime of the area shall be assessed and report be submitted. Hydrological studies as per GEC 2015 guidelines to be prepared and submitted						
1.24	Impact of mining and water abstraction from the mine on the hydrogeology and groundwater regime within the core zone and 10 km buffer zone including long-term monitoring measures should be provided. Details of rainwater harvesting and measures for recharge of groundwater should be reflected in case there is a declining trend of groundwater availability and/or if the area falls within dark/grey zone.						
1.25	Study on land subsidence including modeling for prediction, mitigation/prevention of subsidence, continuous monitoring measures, and safety issues should be carried out.						
1.26	Detailed water balance should be provided. The break up of water requirement as per different activities in the mining operations, including use of water for sand stowing should be given separately. Source of water for use in mine, sanction of the Competent Authority in the State Govt. and impacts vis-à-vis the competing users should be provided.						
1.27	PP shall submit design details of all Air Pollution control equipment (APCEs) to be implemented as part of Environment Management Plan vis-à-vis reduction in concentration of emission for each APCEs						
1.28	PP shall propose to use LNG/CNG based mining machineries and trucks for mining operation and transportation of coal. The measures adopted to conserve energy or use of renewable sources shall be explored						
1.29	PP to evaluate the green house emission gases from the mine operation/ washery plant and						

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S. No	Terms of Reference			
	corresponding carbon absorption plan.			
1.30	PP shall explore the use of vent gases as generated from under ground Mine for use of energy generation/ in house energy consumption			
1.31	Site specific Impact assessment with its mitigation measures, Risk Assessment and Disaste Preparedness and Management Plan should be provided.			
1.32	Impact of stowing by using coal washery rejects/ flyash/ bottom ash shall be assessed in term of leachate generation and its characteristics			
1.33	Impact of choice of mining method, technology, selected use of machinery and impact on air quality, mineral transportation, coal handling & storage/stockyard, etc, Impact of blasting, noise and vibrations should be provided.			
1.34	Impacts of mineral transportation within the mining area and outside the lease/project along with flow-chart indicating the specific areas generating fugitive emissions should be provided. Impacts of transportation, handling, transfer of mineral and waste on air quality, generation of effluents from workshop etc, management plan for maintenance of HEMM and other machinery/equipment should be given. Details of various facilities such as rest areas and canteen for workers and effluents/pollution load emanating from these activities should also be provided.			
1.35	Effort be made to reduce/eliminate road transport of coal inside and outside mine and for mechanized loading of coal through CHP/ Silo into wagons and trucks/tippers.			
1.36	Details of various facilities to be provided to the workers in terms of parking, rest areas and canteer and effluents/pollution load resulting from these activities should also be given.			
1.37	The number and efficiency of mobile/static water jet, Fog cannon sprinkling system along the main mineral transportation road inside the mine, approach roads to the mine/stockyard/siding, and also the frequency of their use in impacting air quality should be provided.			
1.38	Impacts of CHP, if any on air and water quality should be given. A flow chart showing water balance along with the details of zero discharge should be provided.			
1.39	Conceptual Final Mine Closure Plan and post mining land use and restoration of land/habitat to the pre-mining status should be provided. A Plan for the ecological restoration of the mined out an and post mining land use should be prepared with detailed cost provisions. Impact and management of wastes and issues of re-handling (wherever applicable) and backfilling and progressive mit closure and reclamation should be furnished.			
1.40	Adequate greenbelt nearby areas, coal stock yard and transportation area of coal shall be provid with details of species selected and survival rate Greenbelt development should be undertak particularly around the transport route and CHP.			
1.41	Cost of EMP (capital and recurring) should be included in the project cost and for progressive and final mine closure plan.			
1.42	Details of R&R. Detailed project specific R&R Plan with data on the existing socio- economic status of the population (including tribals, SC/ST, BPL families) found in the study area and broad			

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S. No	Terms of Reference						
	plan for resettlement of the displaced population, site for the resettlement colony, alternate livelihood concerns/employment for the displaced people, civic and housing amenities being offered, etc and costs along with the schedule of the implementation of the R&R Plan should be given.						
1.43	CSR Plan along with details of villages and specific budgetary provisions (capital and recurring) for specific activities over the life of the project should be given.						
1.44	Corporate Environment Responsibility:						
1.45	a) The Company must have a well laid down Environment Policy approved by the Board of Directors.						
1.46	b) The Environment Policy must prescribe for standard operating process/procedures to bring into focus any infringements/deviation/violation of the environmental or forest norms/conditions.						
1.47	c) The hierarchical system or Administrative Order of the company to deal with environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the environmental clearance conditions must be furnished.						
1.48	d) To have proper checks and balances, the company should have a well laid down system of reporting of non-compliances/violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the company and/or shareholders or stakeholders at large.						
1.49	e) Environment Managament Cell and its responsibilities to be clearly spleel out in EIA/ EMP report						
1.50	f) In built mechanism of self-monitoring of compliance of environmental regulations should be indicated.						
1.51	Submission of sample test analysis of Characteristics of coal: This should include details on grade of coal and other characteristics such as ash content, S and heavy metals including levels of Hg, As, Pb, Cr etc.						
1.52	Status of any litigations/ court cases filed/pending on the project should be provided.						
1.53	PP shall submit clarification from PCCF that mine does not falls under corridors of any National Park and Wildlife Sanctuary with certified map showing distance of nearest sanctuary.						
1.54	Copy of clearances/approvals such as Forestry clearances, Mining Plan Approval, mine closer plan approval. NOC from Flood and Irrigation Dept. (if req.), etc. wherever applicable.						
1.55	Details on the Forest Clearance should be given as per the format given: Total ML Total Project Area Forest (ha) land (ha) If more than one provide details of each FC						

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S. No	Terms of Reference			
1.56	In case of expansion of the proposal, the status of the work done as per mining plan and approved mine closure plan shall be detailed in EIA/ EMP report			
1.57	Details on Public Hearing should cover the information relating to notices issued in the newspaper, proceedings/minutes of Public Hearing, the points raised by the general public and commitments made by the proponent and the time bound action proposed with budgets in suitable time frame. These details should be presented in a tabular form. If the Public Hearing is in the regional language, an authenticated English Translation of the same should be provided.			
1.58	PP shall carry out survey through drone highlighting the ground reality for atleast 10 minutes			
1.59	Detailed Chronology of the project starting from the first lease deed alloted/Block allotment/ Land acquired to its No. of renewals, CTO /CTE with details of no. renewals, previous EC(s) granted details and its compliance details, NOC details from various Govt bodies like Forest NOC(s), CGWA permissions, Power permissions, etc as per the requisites respectively to be furnished in tabular form.			
1.60	A copy of application submitted for 5 star rating system to Ministry of coal for expansion cases may be provided. Certificate /rating given to project shall be provided with EIA-EMP report			
1.61	The first page of the EIA/ EMP report must mention the peak capacity production, area, detail of PP, Consultant (NABET acrreditation) and Laboratory (NABL / MoEF & CC certification)			
1.62	The compliances of ToR must be properly cited with respective chapter section and page no in tabular form and also mention sequence of the respective ToR complied within the EIA-EMP report in all the chapter,s section.			

Additional Terms of Reference

N/A

Annexure 2

Details of Products & By-products

Name of the product /By-product	Product / By- product	Existing	Proposed	nts	Unit	Mode of Transport / Transmission
Stone	Stone	65095.33	72967.87	138063.2	Tons per Annum (TPA)	Road

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State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority, Jharkhand

Nursery Complex, Near Dhurwa Bus Stand, P.O+P.S-Dhurwa, Ranchi, Jharkhand-834 004 E-mail: msseiaa.jhk@gmail.com/chr-seiaajhr@gov.in website: www.jseiaa.in

Letter No.- EC/SEIAA/2024-25/3118/2024/

Ranchi, Date:

To:

M/s Sai Construction,

Partners: Shri Bijay Pratap Singh & Shri Deshratna,

Gali No.: 7, Jayprakash Nagar, District: Dhanbad, Jharkhand.

Prescribing of ToR to "Murgadanga Stone Deposit of M/s Sai Construction (Partners

: Shri Bijay Pratap Singh & Shri Deshratna), Village : Murgadanga, P.S. : Hiranpur, District: Pakur, Jharkhand (2.165 Ha)" (Proposal SIA/JH/MIN/472853/2024) – regarding.

Ref: Your application no. Nil, dated – 15.05.2024.

Sir,

It is in reference to the project to "Murgadanga Stone Deposit of M/s Sai Construction (Partners: Shri Bijay Pratap Singh & Shri Deshratna), Village: Murgadanga, P.S.: Hiranpur, District: Pakur, Jharkhand (2.165 Ha)" along with the application in the prescribed format (Form-1) and a copy of the pre-feasibility report and approved mine plan to prescribe the ToRs for undertaking detailed EIA study for the purpose of obtaining environmental clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 in respect of the above mentioned project.

This is an expansion project which has been taken for appraisal on 17.05.2024.

Project Category: B1 - 1(a) Mining of Minerals: Application for Terms of reference (ToR).

The Murgadanga Stone Deposit has been previously granted for Environment clearance on 13.08.2022 with production capacity 22446.67 cum/year or 65095.33 TPA. Now, the proposal has been applied for the Terms of Reference (Expansion, Category B1) under production capacity of 47608 cum/year or 138063.20 TPA within same mining lease area.

Project and Location Details:

SI	Parameter		Details	
1	Project Name	:	Murgadanga Stone Deposit	
2	Lessee:	:	M/s Sai Construction Partners-Sri Bijay Pratap Singh & Sri Deshratna	





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			Both Address- Gali No7, Ja State- Jharkhand	yprakash Nagar, District -Dhanbad,	
3	Lease Address	:	Village – Murgadanga, P.S - Hiranpur, District – Pakur, State :- Jharkhand		
4	Lease Area	:	2.165 ha	Acres- 5.35 Acres	
5	Type of Land	:	Non- Forest (Raiyati Land)		
6	Project Cost	:	Rs. 60 Lakhs		
7	EMP Budget	:	Capital: Rs. 3.934 Lakhs	Recurring: Rs. 5.10 Lakh / year	
8	New or Expansion	i	Expansion		
9	Mineable Reserves	:	cum.: 476800	Tonnes: 1382720	
10	Mine Life	:	10 years		
11	Man power	:	20		
12	Water Requirement	:	14 KLD		
13	Water Source	:	From Nearby villages by tankers		
14	DG Set / power	:	500 KVA		
15	Crusher	:	No crusher		
16	Nearest Water Body		Torai Nadi, Approx. 2.12 km. in SSE direction.		
17	Nearest Habitation		Murgadanga- Approx 0.72 km towards South direction.		
18	Nearest Rail Station	:	Tilbhita Railway station, approx. 6.88 km towards East direction.		
19	Nearest Air Port		Birsa Munda Airport, Ranchi approx. 292 km towards WSW direction.		
20	Nearest Forest		Protected Forest, approx 3.19 km in WNW direction Protected Forest, approx 5.62 km in NNW direction		
21	Road & Highways	:	NH- 133A, Approx. 2.80 km. in WSW direction.		

CO-ORDINATES

1	Latitude	From 24°41'04.16" N	To 24°41'10.82" N
2	Longitude	From 87°46'23.86" E	To 87°46'31.30" E

OAT"



LAND DETAILS

Khata no.	Plot no.	
14	804 (P), 805, 806, 825 (P) & 826 (P)	

STATUTORY CLEARANCES

1	LOI / Lease docs	:	Lease deed: Date 05.01.2024 to 04.01.2034.				
2	СО	•	The CO, Hiranpur vide letter no. 526/Ra., dated 16.12.2020 has mentioned the plot nos. of the project is not recorded as "Jangle Jhari" in R.S. Khatiyan & Register II.				
3	DMO	•	DMO, Pakur vide memo no. 562/M, dated 30.04.2024 certified that 05 other mining lease area (6.92 Acre, 5.15 Acre, 6.97 Acre, 6.22 Acre & 5.21 Acre) exists within 500 m radius from proposed project site and total area is 35.82 Acre (14.50 Ha).				
4	DFO Wild Life	:	DFO, Wildlife Division, Hazaribagh vide letter no. 788, dated 13.05.2021 certified that the proposed project site is outside Eco Sensitive Zone of Udhwa Lake Bird Sanctuary.				
5	DFO Forest Distance	:	DFO, Pakur Forest Division vide letter no. 366, dated 23.02.2021 certified that the distance of reserved / protected forest is more than 250 meters from proposed project site.				
6	DSR	:	The DC-cum-District Magistrate, Pakur vide letter no. 878/M, dated 21.06.21 has informed that this project is part of District Survey Report (DSR) of Pakur district and accordingly necessary action with regard to Environmental Clearance can be taken.				
7	Gram Sabha	•	BDO, Hiranpur vide letter no. 47/Vi., dated 15.01.2021 informed that Gram Sabha conducted on 24.12.2020.				
8	Mine Plan Approval	•	Approved by Deputy Director Mines, Santhal Pargana Circle, Dumka vide Letter No. 45/DDM, dated 24.04.2024.				
9	Previous Environmental Clearance (EC)	·	Previous EC granted by SEIAA vide letter no. EC/SEIAA/ 2021-22/ 2413 /2021/188, dated 02.08.2022.				
10	Compliance report of previous EC	:	Self certified compliance report.				
11	Production	:	Production figure issued by DMO, Pakur vide memo no. 561/M,				

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	Report		dated 30.04.2024.			
12	Consent to Estblish (CTE)	•	CTE issued by JSPCB vide Ref. no. : JSPCB/HO/RNC/CTE-18092000 /2024 /38, dated 12.02.2024.			
13	Consent to Operate (CTO)	•	CTO issued by JSPCB vide Ref. no. : JSPCB/RO/DMK/CTO-18504817 /2024/41, dated 22.02.2024.			
14	Qualified Person	•	Shri Tapan Kumar Chakravarty was present through Video Conference and personally affirmed that the mine plan has been prepared by him.			
15	Public Hearing	•	Public Hearing was conducted on 07.04.2022 for previous EC granted by SEIAA vide letter no. EC/SEIAA/2021-22/2413 /2021/188, dated 02.08.2022. As per MOEF & CC, Govt. of India O.M. dated 22.08.2014 Public hearing for the present proposal is exempted.			
16	Baseline Data Monitoring	:	Baseline data generation has been carried out between October, 2021 to December, 2021.			

Working Details

Mining Method	:	Opencast Mechanised Method	8
Quarry Area	:	2.165 Ha	Life of Mine – 10 years
Waste Generation	:	3843.00 cum or 11144.7 tons	
Stripping Ratio	:	1: 0.01	
Working Days	:	300	20
Benches: size & No	:	6m to 6m	
Elevation of Mine	:	50 mRL to 49 mRL	-37
Ground Level	:	25 mRL	~~~
Elevation			. X .
Ultimate Working	:	20 mRL	
Depth		Payments	
Water Table		10 mRL (15mbgl)	
Topography of Mine	:	Area represents flat topography	
Explosive	:	110 kg/day	
Requirement			
Diesel/Fuel	:	110 litre/day	
requirement			
	Quarry Area Waste Generation Stripping Ratio Working Days Benches: size & No Elevation of Mine Ground Level Elevation Ultimate Working Depth Water Table Topography of Mine Explosive Requirement Diesel/Fuel	Quarry Area : Waste Generation : Stripping Ratio : Working Days : Benches: size & No : Elevation of Mine : Ground Level : Elevation : Ultimate Working Depth : Water Table : Topography of Mine : Explosive Requirement Diesel/Fuel :	Quarry Area : 2.165 Ha Waste Generation : 3843.00 cum or 11144.7 tons Stripping Ratio : 1: 0.01 Working Days : 300 Benches: size & No : 6m to 6m Elevation of Mine : 50 mRL to 49 mRL Ground Level : 25 mRL Elevation Ultimate Working Depth : 20 mRL Water Table : 10 mRL (15mbgl) Topography of Mine : Area represents flat topography Explosive Requirement Diesel/Fuel : 110 litre/day

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Production Details

Year	Production	Production	Waste	Waste
	of stone in	of stone in	(cum) in	(cum) in
	Cum	Tonnes	plan period	ultimate
1 st Year	42000.00	121800.00	1251.00	
2 nd Year	43000.00	124700.00	1285.00	
3 rd Year	47300.00	137170.00	1307.00	-
4 th Year	47520.00	137808.00	-	
5 th Year	47608.00	138063.20	-	
Total	227428.00	659541.20	3843.00	-

Land Use

Pattern of Utilization	Existing (Ha)	Plan period (Ha)	Conceptual stage (Ha)
	K 1 V	1.678	1.678 (Entire area Rain water Harvesting)
Quarry	Sel. Secon	160	
Road	0.011	Comes under	Comes under quarry
		quarry	
Safety Zone Plantation	-	0.487	0.487
Total	0.011	2.165	2.165
Balance	2.154		-
Total	2.165	2.165	2.165

E<mark>NVIRONMEN</mark>T MANAGEMENT Green Belt Development

Year	Area for Greenbelt in Hectare/No. of Plants	Plantation along both sides of Approach road	Anganwadi, School, Panchayat office etc	Name of the Species to be planted
1 st Year	0. <mark>487 ha/1</mark> 217	-Pay-150 TS	100	Vlasia Dal
2 nd year	Ca	Khair, Bel, Sisam, Neem, Mango, etc.		
Total	1217	150	100	
Total				

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• Gabion Plantation work in the safety zone (7.5 m width around the proposed lease boundary) and on either side of approach road in two rows with the spacing of 3x3 m with suitable species such as timber & fruit bearing etc. will be done in first year of operation. Maintenance work such as h/w, mortality replacement, protection and watering shall be undertaken for the life of mine as per norms and schedule issued by PCCF, Development, Department of Forest, Environment & Climate Change, Govt. of Jharkhand. Records of same to be maintained and will be submitted with compliance report.

Solid Waste Management

Total 3843.00 cum waste generated during this plan period which is used for village & haul road maintenance.

Water Quality Management

- Mining is planned to above the ground water table. In case any intersection is likely, mining activities will be stopped 2m above the Ground Water Table.
- The rain water during rainy season will be collected in a pit and shall be use for dust suppression and plantation. Excess water, if any shall be discharged in natural stream after settling of suspended particles in the pit. Pump having required capacity will be installed to lift accumulated rain water from working pit and pumped to the settling tank.
- Garland drain shall be made around the Waste dump and the rain water shall be collected in garland drain and allowed to settle in a small pit for settling suspended particles before allowing discharge to natural drainage system. Check Pits and Retainer walls shall be constructed to prevent water flowing into the lease area from outside or from inside the lease area to the outside
- For domestic waste water Septic Tank with Soak Pit shall be provided, discharge from Soak Pit, if any shall be used for plantation.
- It shall be ensured that quality of drinking water for the worker is hygienic and good sanitation system shall be made available.

Air Quality Management

- Dust extractor or wet drilling shall be followed to control dust at source of emission during drilling.
- Sharp drill bits will be used for drilling and regrinding will be done periodically to reduce the dust generation.
- Controlled blasting to reduce dust emission and reduction in NOx emission
- All machineries and transport vehicles shall be properly maintained and pollution check will be done once in a year to keep the emissions from machineries and vehicle under control. Records for same to be maintained.
- Water sprinkling will be done on haul road to control emission of dust while transporting minerals and waste. Provision for water spray by tankers on 'kaccha road shall be done.
- Water sprinkling at loading area shall be done
- Use of personal protective equipment like dust mask e.t.c shall be put in practice
- Ambient air pollution monitoring shall be carried out every six months

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RISK ASSESSMENT

The hazard identification and risk analysis is done using qualitative method:

Probability/Likelihood of Occurrence of Hazard

Likelihood Level	Probability	Description
L5	Very Unlikely	Has not occurred/reported within last 5 years.
L4	Remote / Moderate	May occur if conditions exist. Has occurred within last 3 years.
L3	Occasional	Likely to occur if conditions exist. Has occurred within last 2 years.
L2	Probable	Very likely to occur. Has occurred within last year.
Li	Frequent	Almost certain to occur. Has occurred more than one within last year.

Severity/Impact Intensity

Severity Level	Severity	Description		
C1	Catastrophic	May commonly cause death or major system loss,		
e.C	THE PAR	thereby requiring immediate cessation of the unsafe activity or operation.		
C2	Major May commonly cause severe injury or			
	ianc The	major system damage thereby requiring immediate corrective action.		
C3	Moderate	Minor injury to personnel or environment		
C4	Minor	Minor damage but does not cause injury to personnel		
C5	Insignificant	May result in no, or less minor, illness, injuryor system damage		

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Risk Assessment Chart (Qualitative Method)

Risk Rank (Likelihood x Consequence)	L5 (Very Unlikely)	L4 (Remote)	L3 (Occasional)	L2 (Probable)	L1 (Frequent)
C1 (Catastrophic)	5	4	3	2	1
C2 (Major)	10	8	6	4	2
C3 (Moderate)	15	12	9	6	3
C4 (Minor)	20	16	12	8	4
C5 (Insignificant)	25	20	15	10	5

Risk Rating Scale

S.No.	Rating	Scale
1	High Risk	1-4
2	Medium Risk	5-12
3	Low Risk	13-25

Hazard identification & Risk Analysis in Stone Mining operation

S.No.	Activity	Hazard	Probability	Severity	Score
1	Temporary Storage of Explosives	Unintended Explosion	Very Unlikely	Catastrophic	5
2	Charging of Explosives	Unwanted Explosion	Very Unlikely	Catastrophic	5
3	Blasting	Hit by fly rock	Occasional	Major	6

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		(Bodily Injury)			
4	Drilling	Exposure to Dust	Frequent	Insignificant	5
5	Bench Formation	Fall/Slide/Tripping (Bodily Injury)	Probable	Moderate	6
6	Loading/Unloading	Bodily injury by hitting by loading material, Exposure to Dust	Very Unlikely	Minor	20
7	Transportation	Vehicle Accident, Exposure to Dust	Remote	Minor	16

The risk score lies between 5 to 20. Hence, the risk in stone quarry ranges from Medium to Low-Risk Rank and hence the risk is "Acceptable"

Preventive Measures:

Face Stability

Face instability gives rise to rock falls or slides. Face instability can arise because of adverse geological faulting or poor work methods. Those at greatest risk will be workers engaged in loading material and driving vehicles. To manage the face stability, the following measures will be taken:

- Overall slope angles of benches will be maintained at 45°
- Unmanageable heights are not created
- Loose sides are properly dressed
- No tree, loose stone or debris will be permitted to remain within 3 meters of the edge or side of any excavation (Regulation 106(4) of MMR 1961)
- No undercutting of any face or sides will be permitted so as to cause any overhanging (Regulation 106(5) of MMR 1961)

Drilling Operations

Drilling is common to the mining of stones. The main hazards linked to the drilling operations are:

- Falls from the edge of a bench
- Dust generation during drilling

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- Noise Generation due to drilling
- Entrapment in by moving part of the drilling equipment

Falls from the edge of a bench

While the primary hazard is that of the driller falling over the edge of a working or abandoned bench, the risk of minerals or materials falling onto workers at the foot of the face should not be overlooked. A face and bench are a necessary part of a working quarry and therefore it is not possible to remove the hazards associated with them.

While others may need to work at or near the edge of a working bench the person most at risk during the drilling operation is the driller. Others such as the manager of the mine or maintenance personnel, may approach the bench edge during the drilling operation in the event of a breakdown of the drilling equipment.

Control Measures

- It will be ensured that the drilling equipment is suitable for the job.
- The person in charge of the drilling machine is competent to carry out the drilling operation; part of the training includes instructions to always face towards the open edge of the bench so that any inadvertent backward step is away from the edge.
- Provision of portable rail fencing between the drilling operations and the edge of the bench
- Provision to attach a safety line to the drilling rig and provide a harness for the driller to
- Restricted access to the area to all persons except those necessary for the drilling operation.

Dust generation during drilling

The hazard is the inhalation of dust which is created during the drilling operation. Properly applied control measures can substantially reduce the risk to the drill operator

- Wet drilling will be carried out by constantly injecting a jet of water at the drill bit inside the hole, which prevents dust generation
- In case due to any reason, wet drilling is not possible (due to non-availability of water), exhaust/ vacuum system will be provided which removes the dust from the drill hole continuously and discharges the same in a dust collector specially provided for the purpose.
- Drilling machine shall be fitted with dust suppression, collection and disposal arrangement
- Deep wetting of drilling zones will be done by water sprinkling before starting drilling.

Noise Generation during drilling

Drilling operations give rise to harmful levels of noise. It is created by both drilling the hole and the operation of the drill rig itself.

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The noise levels around drilling equipment will be continuously measured and the risk will be assessed. Unless control measures are in place no-one, except those necessary for the work in hand, will be allowed inside the designated noisy area. In most cases this will be the drill operator.

The risk is highest at older machines. Newer large drilling machines are provided with sound insulated operating cabins which control the noise level within the cabins to acceptable levels. Hence, it will be ensured that newly updated machines will be used for drilling.

Other control measures will include training operators and providing them with ear protection, although the latter should only be seen as an interim precaution until a permanent solution can be found.

Blasting Operations

Most of the accidents from blasting occur due to the projectiles and mainly due to overcharging of the shot holes as a result of certain special features of the local ground.

Flying rocks are encountered during initial and final blasting operations. Noise and dust also generated during blasting. Following control measures should be taken:

- Blast hole geometry shall be properly designed.
- Blast site shall be wetted before and after blasting operations are completed.
- Only optimum quantity of permissible explosives shall be used so that the vibrations do not damage the structures/houses if the quarrying operations are close to human habitation.
- Blasting shall be conducted only during favorable weather conditions and only during the day time and permissible hours.
- While carrying out blasting operations near habitations, wide publicity will be given in the local area through announcement and other available media so that local people become aware of the blasting activities being undertaken in the area and take appropriate precautions.
- The vibrations should be monitored periodically in consultation with the local Mining authorities.

Handling of Explosives

Explosives by virtue of their nature have the potential for the most serious and catastrophic accidents in the mining operations yet the way they are used is an excellent example of how risk assessment is properly applied. For example, persons holding blasters certificate granted by DGMS with proper training in explosive handling and use will be allowed for blasting operations.

• Use of explosives is specialist work. Planning for a round of shots is necessary to ensure that the face is properly surveyed, holes correctly drilled, direction logged, the weight of explosive suitable for good fragmentation and the continuity of the initiator are but a few of the steps necessary to ensure its safe use.

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• Poorly designed shots can result in misfires, early ignition and flying rock.

The storage of the explosives and its transfer to and from the quarry area shall be strictly in accordance with the conditions listed in the permission granted by Explosives Department. Few conditions are listed below:

- Proper and safe storage of explosives in approved and Licensed Magazine
- Proper security system to prevent theft/ pilferage, unauthorized entry into Magazine area and checking authorized persons to prevent carrying of match box, lights, mobile phones, cigarette or Bidi etc. will be put in place.
- Explosives shall be conveyed in special containers
- Explosives and detonators shall not be carried in the same container
- The holes which have been charged with explosives will not be left unattended till blasting is completed.

Health Hazards

Health hazards should be interpreted as being harmful dust and noise which is emitted during surface mining operations. All suitable steps and precautions will be undertaken to ensure minimum health hazard. Provision of use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) will be kept.

The PPE shall be of good make and quality, wherever possible ISI certified, suitable for the hazard e.g. a dust respirator fitted with the correct filter to capture the particulate hazardous dust and maintained to recommended standards. As personal protective equipment only affords limited protection it will only be used as a last resort and as an interim arrangement until other steps are taken to reduce the risk of personal injury to an acceptable level.

Accident at Site

Identifying the hazards that come along with the presence of vehicles at the workplace (e.g.reversing operations, loading) can cause harm if not properly handled. Among some of the factors that may make vehicle accidents more likely are:

- Rough access roads
- Time pressure
- Inadequate brakes (Possibly from lack of maintenance)
- Carelessly parked vehicles (e.g. being parked on a slope without being adequately secured)
- Untrained drivers
- Overturning vehicles

To avoid such instances, it will be ensured that workers shall be trained and involved in the risk management process and tell them to share their experience regarding what to do, to reduce risk.

Transportation

The usual method of transporting minerals from the working face is by trucks / tippers/dumpers. Large earth moving equipment's are used for loading /transporting large quantity of mineral from a mine. During transportation of minerals in the mining area, utmost care will be taken by the vehicle operator to avoid any accident with any incoming vehicle by keeping sufficient gap

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between the two vehicles, keep safe distance from the edge of the mine face, avoid any accident to a worker crossing the haul road and shall maintain low speed. The vehicle operator shall not try to overtake another vehicle.

- Mine road shall be made smooth regularly with a road roller.
- Mine road will be cleaned daily to remove fallen rock/stones for smooth transportation.
- Mine road will be made sufficiently wide to keep two-way traffic.
- Mine roads will be designed as per the specifications given under MMR 1961.
- Regular water sprinkling will be done on mine road and haul road to avoid suspension of dust.
- All transportation within the mine lease area should be carried out directly under the supervision and control of management.
- The vehicles will be maintained in good working condition and checked thoroughly at least once a month by the competent person authorized for the purpose by the management.
- Navigation signs will be provided at each and every turning point up to the main road (wherever required)
- To avoid danger while reversing the vehicles especially at working place/loading points, stopper should be posted to properly guide reversing/spotting operating.
- Only trained drivers will be hired

Undertaking submitted affirming:

- a. Ground water will be used only for domestic purpose and not be used for any mining activities or any other use.
- b. The District Survey Report has been prepared by a competent authority. Project Authorities will abide by any directives issued by any court of law in future.
- c. If any changes are noticed in future regarding the contiguous / cluster area report issued by the mines department, then the applicable laws / rules will be binding on the Project Authorities and all necessary steps will be taken in this regard
- d. The Boundary Pillars of the proposed mine lease area will be maintained properly.
- e. One day post monsoon baseline data related to environment monitoring will be submitted with the first compliance report.
- f. The plantation work will be completed within the first year of operation. Thereafter the same will be maintained up to the Conceptual stage of the Mine.
- g. Sufficient water spray using water tankers will be done for effective dust suppression within the mine lease area and on haul roads.
- h. All the mining machineries / equipment and transport vehicles should be maintained in good condition and annually tested for fitness and PUC and records to be maintained.
- i. If any tree felling than necessary permission shall be taken from the competent authority.
- j. Slope of the Water bodies to be stabilized using gabion plantation created at the end of life of the mine.
- k. Suitable safety protection measures shall be taken around the water bodies to prevent any human or animals falling in to the water bodies created at the end of life of the mine.

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1. Personal protective equipments such as clothing, helmet, goggles or other garments or equipments designed to protect from injury or infection will be provided to working personnel.

SEAC, Jharkhand has suggested the ToRs in its 112th meeting held on 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th May, 2024 in the light of Hon'ble NGT, Principal Bench, New Delhi order dated 13.09.18 and MoEF & CC OM dated 12.12.18 for undertaking detailed EIA / EMP study and SEIAA, Jharkhand has approved the ToRs in its 112th meeting held on 23rd & 24th May, 2024.

The TORs prescribed for undertaking detailed EIA study are as follows:

Specific Condition:

- 1. This TOR letter is subject to Hon'ble NGT order dated 13.09.2018, order dated : 11.12.2018 and MoEF & CC OM dated : 12.12.2018.
- 2. Year-wise production details since 1994 should be given, clearly stating the highest production achieved in any one year prior to 1994. It may also be categorically informed whether there had been any increase in production after the EIA Notification 1994 came into force, w.r.t. the highest production achieved prior to 1994.
- 3. A copy of the document in support of the fact that the Proponent is the rightful lessee of the mine should be given.
- 4. All documents including approved mine plan, EIA and Public Hearing should be compatible with one another in terms of the mine lease area, production levels, waste generation and its management, mining technology etc. and should be in the name of the lessee.
- 5. All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High Resolution Imagery/toposheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology and geology of the area should be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the study area (core and buffer zone).
- 6. Information should be provided in Survey of India Toposheet in 1:50,000 scale indicating geological map of the area, geomorphology of land forms of the area, existing minerals and mining history of the area, important water bodies, streams and rivers and soil characteristics.
- 7. Details about the land proposed for mining activities should be given with information as to whether mining conforms to the land use policy of the State; land diversion for mining should have approval from State land use board or the concerned authority.
- 8. It should be clearly stated whether the proponent Company has a well laid down Environment Policy approved by its Board of Directors? If so, it may be spelt out in the EIA Report with description of the prescribed operating process/procedures to bring into focus any infringement/deviation/ violation of the environmental or forest norms/ conditions? The hierarchical system or administrative order of the Company to deal with the environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the EC conditions may also be given. The system of

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- reporting of non-compliances / violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the Company and/or shareholders or stakeholders at large, may also be detailed in the EIA Report.
- 9. Issues relating to Mine Safety, including subsidence study in case of underground mining and slope study in case of open cast mining, blasting study etc. should be detailed. The proposed safeguard measures in each case should also be provided.
- 10. The study area will comprise of 10 km zone around the mine lease from lease periphery and the data contained in the EIA such as waste generation etc. should be for the life of the mine / lease period.
- 11. Land use of the study area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given.
- 12. Details of the land for any Over Burden Dumps outside the mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be given.
- 13. A Certificate from the Competent Authority in the State Forest Department should be provided, confirming the involvement of forest land, if any, in the project area. In the event of any contrary claim by the Project Proponent regarding the status of forests, the site may be inspected by the State Forest Department along with the Regional Office of the Ministry to ascertain the status of forests, based on which, the Certificate in this regard as mentioned above be issued. In all such cases, it would be desirable for representative of the State Forest Department to assist the Expert Appraisal Committees.
- 14. Status of forestry clearance for the broken up area and virgin forestland involved in the Project including deposition of net present value (NPV) and compensatory afforestation (CA) should be indicated. A copy of the forestry clearance should also be furnished.
- 15. Implementation status of recognition of forest rights under the Scheduled Tribes and other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 should be indicated.
- 16. The vegetation in the RF / PF areas in the study area, with necessary details, should be given.
- 17. A study shall be got done to ascertain the impact of the Mining Project on wildlife of the study area and details furnished. Impact of the project on the wildlife in the surrounding and any other protected area and accordingly, detailed mitigative measures required, should be worked out with cost implications and submitted.
- 18. Location of National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Wildlife Corridors, Ramsar site Tiger/ Elephant Reserves/(existing as well as proposed), if any, within 10 km of the mine lease should be clearly indicated, supported by a location map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden. Necessary clearance, as may be applicable to such projects due to

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- proximity of the ecologically sensitive areas as mentioned above, should be obtained from the Standing Committee of National Board of Wildlife and copy furnished.
- 19. A detailed biological study of the study area [core zone and buffer zone (10 km radius of the periphery of the mine lease)] shall be carried out. Details of flora and fauna, endangered, endemic and RET Species duly authenticated, separately for core and buffer zone should be furnished based on such primary field survey, clearly indicating the Schedule of the fauna present. In case of any scheduled- I fauna found in the study area, the necessary plan along with budgetary provisions for their conservation should be prepared in consultation with State Forest and Wildlife Department and details furnished. Necessary allocation of funds for implementing the same should be made as part of the project cost.
- 20. Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted' or the Project areas likely to come under the 'Aravali Range', (attracting court restrictions for mining operations), should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such as the SPCB or State Mining Department should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered.
- 21. Similarly, for coastal Projects, A CRZ map duly authenticated by one of the authorized agencies demarcating LTL. HTL, CRZ area, location of the mine lease w.r.t CRZ, coastal features such as mangroves, if any, should be furnished. (Note: The Mining Projects falling under CRZ would also need to obtain approval of the concerned Coastal Zone Management Authority).
- 22. R&R Plan/compensation details for the Project Affected People (PAP) should be furnished. While preparing the R&R Plan, the relevant State/National Rehabilitation & Resettlement Policy should be kept in view. In respect of SCs /STs and other weaker sections of the society in the study area, a need based sample survey, family-wise, should be undertaken to assess their requirements, and action programmes prepared and submitted accordingly, integrating the sectoral programmes of line departments of the State Government. It may be clearly brought out whether the village(s) located in the mine lease area will be shifted or not. The issues relating to shifting of village(s) including their R&R and socio-economic aspects should be discussed in the Report.
- 23. One season (non-monsoon) [i.e. March-May (Summer Season); October-December (post monsoon season); December-February (winter season)]primary baseline data on ambient air quality as per CPCB Notification of 2009, water quality, noise level, soil and flora and fauna shall be collected and the AAQ and other data so compiled presented date-wise in the EIA and EMP Report. Site-specific meteorological data should also be collected. The location of the monitoring stations should be such as to represent whole of the study area and justified keeping in view the pre-dominant downwind direction and location of sensitive receptors. There should be at least one monitoring station within 500 m of the mine lease in the pre-dominant downwind direction. The mineralogical composition of PM10, particularly for free silica, should be given.

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- 24. Air quality modeling should be carried out for prediction of impact of the project on the air quality of the area. It should also take into account the impact of movement of vehicles for transportation of mineral. The details of the model used and input parameters used for modeling should be provided. The air quality contours may be shown on a location map clearly indicating the location of the site, location of sensitive receptors, if any, and the habitation. The wind roses showing pre-dominant wind direction may also be indicated on the map.
- 25. The water requirement for the Project, its availability and source should be furnished. A detailed water balance should also be provided. Fresh water requirement for the Project should be indicated.
- 26. Necessary clearance from the Competent Authority for drawl of requisite quantity of water for the Project should be provided.
- 27. Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given. Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided.
- 28. Impact of the Project on the water quality, both surface and groundwater, should be assessed and necessary safeguard measures, if any required, should be provided.
- 29. Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided. In case the working will intersect groundwater table, a detailed Hydro Geological Study should be undertaken and Report furnished. The Report inter-alia, shall include details of the aquifers present and impact of mining activities on these aquifers. Necessary permission from Central Ground Water Authority for working below ground water and for pumping of ground water should also be obtained and copy furnished.
- 30. Details of any stream, seasonal or otherwise, passing through the lease area and modification / diversion proposed, if any, and the impact of the same on the hydrology should be brought out.
- 31. Information on site elevation, working depth, groundwater table etc. Should be provided both in AMSL and bgl. A schematic diagram may also be provided for the same.
- 32. A time bound Progressive Greenbelt Development Plan shall be prepared in a tabular form (indicating the linear and quantitative coverage, plant species and time frame) and submitted, keeping in mind, the same will have to be executed up front on commencement of the Project. Phase-wise plan of plantation and compensatory afforestation should be charted clearly indicating the area to be covered under plantation and the species to be planted. The details of plantation already done should be given. The plant species selected for green belt should have greater ecological value and should be of good utility value to the local population with emphasis on local and native species and the species which are tolerant to pollution.



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- 33. Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated. Projected increase in truck traffic as a result of the Project in the present road network (including those outside the Project area) should be worked out, indicating whether it is capable of handling the incremental load. Arrangement for improving the infrastructure, if contemplated (including action to be taken by other agencies such as State Government) should be covered. Project Proponent shall conduct Impact of Transportation study as per Indian Road Congress Guidelines.
- 34. Details of the onsite shelter and facilities to be provided to the mine workers should be included in the EIA Report.
- 35. Conceptual post mining land use and Reclamation and Restoration of mined out areas (with plans and with adequate number of sections) should be given in the EIA report.
- 36. Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed.
- 37. Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations.
- 38. Measures of socio economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.
- 39. Detailed environmental management plan (EMP) to mitigate the environmental impacts which, should inter-alia include the impacts of change of land use, loss of agricultural and grazing land, if any, occupational health impacts besides other impacts specific to the proposed Project.
- 40. Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given.
- 41. The cost of the Project (capital cost and recurring cost) as well as the cost towards implementation of EMP should be clearly spelt out.
- 42. A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report.
- 43. Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc.
- 44. Besides the above, the below mentioned general points are also to be followed:
 - a. Executive Summary of the EIA/EMP Report.
 - b. All documents to be properly referenced with index and continuous page numbering.

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- c. Where data are presented in the Report especially in Tables, the period in which the data were collected and the sources should be indicated.
- d. Project Proponent shall enclose all the analysis/testing reports of water, air, soil, noise etc. using the MoEF & CC / NABL accredited laboratories. All the original analysis / testing reports should be available during appraisal of the Project.
- e. Where the documents provided are in a language other than English, an English translation should be provided.
- f. The Questionnaire for environmental appraisal of mining projects as devised earlier by the Ministry shall also be filled and submitted.
- g. While preparing the EIA report, the instructions for the Proponents and instructions for the Consultants issued by MoEF & CC vide O.M. No. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II (I) dated 4th August, 2009, which are available on the website of this Ministry, should be followed.
- h. Changes, if any made in the basic scope and project parameters (as submitted in Form-I and the PFR for securing the TOR) should be brought to the attention of MoEF & CC with reasons for such changes and permission should be sought, as the TOR may also have to be altered. Post Public Hearing changes in structure and content of the draft EIA/EMP (other than modifications arising out of the P.H. process) will entail conducting the PH again with the revised documentation
- i. As per the circular no. J-11011/618/2010-IA.II (I) dated 30.5.2012, certified report of the status of compliance of the conditions stipulated in the environment clearance for the existing operations of the project, should be obtained from the Regional Office of Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, as may be applicable.
- j. The EIA report should also include (i) surface plan of the area indicating contours of main topographic features, drainage and mining area, (ii) geological maps and sections and (iii) sections of the mine pit and external dumps, if any, clearly showing the land features of the adjoining area.
- 45. After preparing the draft EIA (as per the generic structure prescribed in Appendix- III of the EIA Notification, 2006) covering the above mentioned issues.
- 46. The Prescribed ToRs is valid as per O.M. F. No. IA3-22/10/2022-IA.III[E177258], dated 08.06.2022 of MoEF & CC, Govt. of India.

e-Payments

Sd/-

Member Secretary
State Level Environment Impact
Assessment Authority, Jharkhand

Memo No : EC/SEIAA/2024-25/3118/2024/ 97

Copy to:

1. Member Secretary, Jharkhand State Pollution Control Board, Ranchi for information and necessary action.

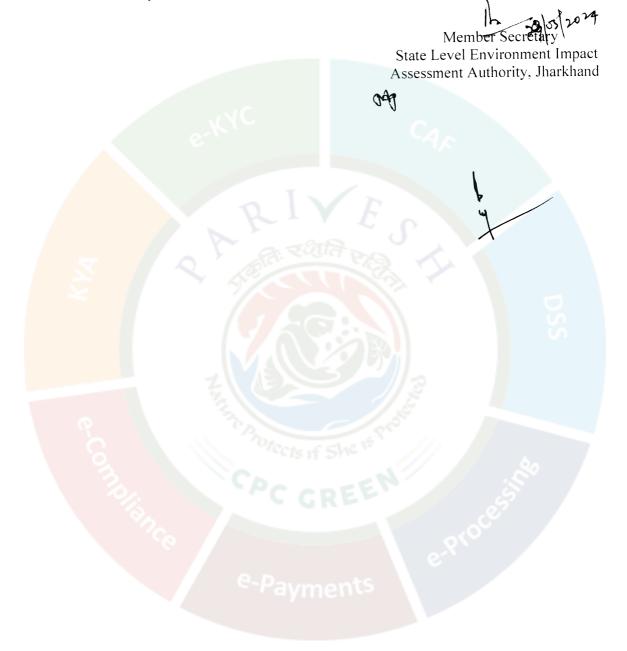
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Dated: 29/05/9024

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2. Regional Office, Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Govt. of India, 2nd Floor, Jharkhand State Housing Board (HQ), Harmu Chowk, Ranchi, Jharkhand – 834002.

3. Member Secretary, SEAC, Jharkhand, Ranchi for information and necessary action.



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