



सत्यमेव जयते

File No: EC/SEIAA/2024-25/3220/2024

Government of India

Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change
(Issued by the State Environment Impact Assessment
Authority(SEIAA), JHARKHAND)



Dated 12/09/2024



To,

MOHAMMAD ALAM
MOHAMMAD ALAM
Mansuri Tola, Pakur, PAKUR, JHARKHAND, 816107
hathigarhstonedeposit2.0@gmail.com

Subject: Grant of Terms of Reference under the provision of the EIA Notification 2006-regarding.

Sir/Madam,

This is in reference to your application for Grant of Terms of Reference under the provision of the EIA Notification 2006-regarding in respect of project Hathigarh Stone Mine (Area 2.14 Ha. or 5.28 Acre) submitted to Ministry vide proposal number SIA/JH/MIN/493415/2024 dated 22/08/2024.

2. The particulars of the proposal are as below :

(i) TOR Identification No.	TO24B0108JH5280162N
(ii) File No.	EC/SEIAA/2024-25/3220/2024
(iii) Clearance Type	TOR
(iv) Category	B1
(v) Project/Activity Included Schedule No.	1(a) Mining of minerals
(vii) Name of Project	Hathigarh Stone Mine (Area 2.14 Ha. or 5.28 Acre)
(viii) Name of Company/Organization	MOHAMMAD ALAM
(ix) Location of Project (District, State)	PAKUR, JHARKHAND
(x) Issuing Authority	SEIAA
(xii) Applicability of General Conditions	no
(xiii) Applicability of Specific Conditions	no

3. In view of the particulars given in the Para 1 above, the project proposal interalia including Form-1(Part A and B) were submitted to the Ministry for an appraisal by the State Environment Impact Assessment Authority(SEIAA) Appraisal Committee (SEIAA) in the Ministry under the provision of EIA notification 2006 and its subsequent amendments.

4. The above-mentioned proposal has been considered by State Environment Impact Assessment Authority(SEIAA) Appraisal Committee of SEIAA in the meeting held on 02/09/2024. The minutes of the meeting and all the Application

and documents submitted [(viz. Form-1 Part A, Part B, Part C EIA, EMP)] are available on PARIVESH portal which can be accessed by scanning the QR Code above.

5. The brief about configuration of plant/equipment, products and byproducts and salient features of the project along with environment settings, as submitted by the Project proponent in Form-1 (Part A, B and C)/EIA & EMP Reports/presented during SEIAA are annexed to this EC as Annexure (1).
6. The SEIAA, in its meeting held on 02/09/2024, based on information & clarifications provided by the project proponent and after detailed deliberations recommended the proposal for grant of Terms of Reference under the provision of EIA Notification, 2006 and as amended thereof subject to stipulation of specific and general conditions as detailed in Annexure (2).
7. The SEIAA has examined the proposal in accordance with the Environment Impact Assessment (EIA) Notification, 2006 & further amendments thereto and after accepting the recommendations of the State Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) Appraisal Committee hereby decided to grant Terms of Reference for instant proposal of M/s. MOHAMMAD ALAM under the provisions of EIA Notification, 2006 and as amended thereof.
8. The Ministry reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions, if found necessary.
9. The Terms of Reference to the aforementioned project is under provisions of EIA Notification, 2006. It does not tantamount to approvals/consent/permissions etc. required to be obtained under any other Act/Rule/regulation. The Project Proponent is under obligation to obtain approvals /clearances under any other Acts/ Regulations or Statutes, as applicable, to the project.
10. This issues with the approval of the Competent Authority.

Copy To

N/A

Annexure 1

Standard Terms of Reference for (Mining of minerals)

1.

S. No	Terms of Reference
1.1	An EIA-EMP Report shall be prepared for peak capacity (.....MTPA) operation in an ML/project area of.....ha based on the generic structure specified in Appendix III of the EIA Notification, 2006.
1.2	An EIA-EMP Report would be prepared for peak capacity operation to cover the impacts and environment management plan for the project specific activities on the environment of the region, and the environmental quality encompassing air, water, land, biotic community, etc. through collection of data and information, generation of data on impacts including prediction modeling for..... MTPA of coal production based on approved project/Mining Plan for.....MTPA. Baseline data collection can be for any season (three months) except monsoon.
1.3	If the washery is located within the mine lease or near to the mine lease its location should be cited separately also, providing pillar coordinates and site layout plan. In such cases cumulative impact of mine operation with washery to be assessed and EMP measure to be drawn to the worst scenario
1.4	Plan of mechanized transportation of coal to coal washery also for rejects and washed coal to be drawn

S. No	Terms of Reference
1.5	Propoer KML file with pin drop and coordinate of mine at 500-1000 m interval be provided
1.6	A Study area map of the core zone (project area) and 10 km area of the buffer zone (1: 50,000 scale) clearly delineating the major topographical features such as the land use, surface drainage pattern including rivers/streams/nullahs/canals, locations of human habitations, major constructions including railways, roads, pipelines, major industries, mines, coal washery and other polluting sources. In case of ecologically sensitive areas such as Biosphere Reserves/National Parks/WL Sanctuaries/ Elephant Reserves, forests (Reserved/Protected), migratory corridors of fauna, and areas where endangered fauna and plants of medicinal and economic importance found in the 15 km study area should be given. The above details to be furnished in tabular form also
1.7	Map showing the core zone delineating the agricultural land (irrigated and un-irrigated, uncultivable land as defined in the revenue records, forest areas (as per records), along with other physical features such as water bodies, etc should be furnished.
1.8	A contour map showing the area drainage of the core zone and 25 km of the study area (where the water courses of the core zone ultimately join the major rivers/streams outside the lease/project area) should also be clearly indicated in the separate map.
1.9	Catchment area with its drainage map of 25 km area within and outside the mine shall be provided with names, details of rivers/ riverlet system and its respective order. The map should clearly indicate drainage pattern of the catchment area with basin of major rivers. Diversion of drains/ river need eloboration in form of lengthe, quantity and quality of water to be diverted
1.10	(Details of mineral reserves, geological status of the study area and the seams to be worked, ultimate working depth and progressive stage-wise working scheme until the end of mine life should be provided on the basis of the approved rated capacity and calendar plans of production from the approved Mining Plan. Geological maps and sections should be included. The Progressive mine development and Conceptual Final Mine Closure Plan should also be shown in figures. Details of mine plan and mine closure plan approval of Competent Authority should be furnished for green field and expansion projects.

Additional Terms of Reference

N/A

Annexure 2

Details of Products & By-products

Name of the product /By-product	Product / By-product	Quantity	Unit	Mode of Transport / Transmission	Remarks (eg. CAS number)
Stone	Stone	209385	Tons per Annum (TPA)	Road	77550.0 cum/annum or 209385 TPA



State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority, Jharkhand

Nursery Complex, Near Dhurwa Bus Stand, P.O+P.S-Dhurwa, Ranchi, Jharkhand-834 004

E-mail: msseiaa.jhk@gmail.com / website: www.jseiaa.in

Letter No.- EC/SEIAA/2024-25/3220/2024/

Ranchi, Date :

To: M/s Jharkhand Stone Works
Prop. : Md. Zahoor Alam,
At : Haridanga Bazar, District : Pakur,
Jharkhand : 816107.

Sub: Prescribing of ToR to “Hathigarh Stone Mine of M/s Jharkhand Stone Works (Prop. : Md. Zahoor Alam), Village : Hathigarh, P.S. : Littipara, District : Pakur, Jharkhand (2.14 Ha)” (Proposal No. : SIA/JH/MIN/493415/2024) – regarding.

Ref: Your application no. Nil, dated – 21.08.2024.

Sir,

It is in reference to the project to “Hathigarh Stone Mine of M/s Jharkhand Stone Works (Prop. : Md. Zahoor Alam), Village : Hathigarh, P.S. : Littipara, District : Pakur, Jharkhand (2.14 Ha)” along with the application in the prescribed format (Form-1) and a copy of the pre-feasibility report and approved mine plan to prescribe the ToRs for undertaking detailed EIA study for the purpose of obtaining environmental clearance under the provisions of the EIA Notification, 2006 in respect of the above mentioned project.

This is a new project which has been taken for appraisal on 23.08.2024.

Project Category : B1 – 1(a) Mining of Minerals : Application for Terms of Reference (ToR) as per EIA notification, 2006.

TOR Application for: Production capacity: 77550.0 cum/annum or 209385 TPA of stone.

Project and Location Details:

Sl	Parameter	Details
1	Project Name	: Hathigarh Stone Mine
2	Lessee:	: M/S Jharkhand Stone Works, (Prop.- Md. Zahoor Alam), At - Haridanga Bazar, District- Pakur, State – Jharkhand
3	Lease Address	: Village – Hathigarh, PS- Litipara, District – Pakur, Jharkhand
4	Lease Area	: Ha:2.14 ha Acres:5.28 Acre
5	Type of Land	: Non Forest – Raiyati Land
6	Project Cost	: Rs. 120 Lakhs
7	EMP Budget	: Capital:15.775 Lakhs Recurring: 6.10Lakh / year

8	New or Expansion	:	New
9	Mineable Reserves	:	2085750.0 Tonnes
10	Mine Life	:	10years
11	Man power	:	20
12	Water Requirement	:	12.62KLD (Drinking:0.20KLD,Dust Suppression:6.67KLD, Plantation:5.75KLD)
13	Water Source	:	From Nearby villages by tankers
14	DG Set / power	:	500 KVA
15	Crusher	:	No crusher installed in the lease area
16	Nearest Water Body	:	Torai Nadi , Approx. 4.80 km towards S direction. Gumani Nadi, Approx. 9.50 km towards N direction
17	Nearest Habitation	:	Hathigarh, 1km
18	Nearest Rail Station	:	Pakur Railway station, approx. 18.0 km in SE direction.
19	Nearest Air Port	:	Deoghar Airport, approx. 108 km towards SW direction.
20	Nearest Forest	:	Guma Pahar Protected Forest , Approx. 5.50 km. in NW direction of mine site. Protected Forest , Approx. 1.50 km. in ESE direction of mine site. Protected Forest , Approx. 3.50 km. in ESE direction of mine site.
21	Road & Highways	:	NH-133A, Approx. 0.280 km in SE direction

CO-ORDINATES:

Point	Latitude	Longitude
P1	24°44'02.37" N	87°42'31.06" E
P2	24°44'00.40" N	87°42'34.11" E
P3	24°44'02.83" N	87°42'38.04" E
P4	24°44'01.02" N	87°42'41.21" E
P5	24°43'58.75" N	87°42'40.32" E
P6	24°43'59.35" N	87°42'35.87" E
P7	24°43'58.64" N	87°42'30.34" E

LAND DETAILS:

Khata No.	Plot No.
14	624 (P)
78	625 (P)
90	623 (P)

STATUTORY CLEARANCES:

1	LOI/Lease docs	:	The Letter of Intent (LoI) has been issued by DMO, Pakur vide memo no. 89/M, dated 21.01.2022.
2	CO	:	The CO, Littipara vide letter no. : 478/Ra, dated 24.09.2021 has mentioned the plot no. of the project is not recorded as “Jungle Jhari” in R.S. Khatiyani & Register II.
3	DMO	:	DMO, Pakur vide memo no. 920/M, dated 25.06.2024 certified that the other mining lease area exists within 500 m radius from proposed project site and total area is 19.48 Acre or 7.88 Ha.
4	DFO Wild Life	:	DFO, Wildlife Division, Hazaribag vide letter no. : 1896, dated 01.11.2021 certified that the proposed project site is outside Eco Sensitive Zone of Udhawa Lake Bird Sanctuary.
5	DFO Forest Distance	:	DFO, Pakur Forest Division vide letter no. : 818, dated 28.05.2021 certified that the distance of reserved / protected forest is more than 250 m from proposed project site.
6	DSR	:	The DC – cum – District Magistrate, Pakur vide letter no. 573/M, dated 18.03.2023 has informed that this project is part of District Survey Report (DSR) of Pakur district and accordingly necessary action with regard to Environmental Clearance can be taken. The name of village has also identified as potential area for stone mining of DSR (Sl. No. 13, Page no. 82)
7	Gram Sabha	:	BDO, Littipara vide letter no. 1154/Vi, dated 03.11.2021 has informed that Gram Sabha conducted on 29.10.2021.
8	Mine Plan Approval	:	Approved by Additional Director, Geology, Hazaribag vide letter no. 259/G, dated 27.09.2022.
9	Qualified Person	:	Shri Tapan Kumar Chakravarty vide e-mail dated 24.08.2024 affirmed that the mine plan has been prepared by him.

Working Details

1	Mining Method	:	Opencast Semi Mechanized Mining method
2	Quarry Area	:	2.14 hectare or 5.28 acre Life of Mine – 10 years
3	Waste Generation	:	4397.0 cum
4	Stripping Ratio	:	1: 0.004
5	Working Days	:	300
6	Bench: size & No	:	6m x6m

7	Elevation of Mine	:	86AMSLto 89AMSL
8	Ground Level Elevation	:	89 AMSL
9	Ultimate Working Depth	:	60 ASML
10	Water Table	:	50ASML (15m bgl)
11	Topography of Mine	:	Area represents a undulating topography
12	Explosive Requirement	:	110 kg/day
13	Diesel/Fuel requirement	:	150 litre/day

Production Details

Year	Production of Stone in cum	Production of Stone in tons	Waste in Plan Period (cum)	Waste in ultimate period (cum)
1st	74250.00	200475.00	2147.00	1171.00
2nd	75000.00	202500.00	2250.00	
3rd	77250.00	208575.00	-	
4th	77550.00	209385.00	-	
5th	77550.00	209385.00	-	
Total	381600.00	1030320.00	4397.00	1171.00

Land Use

Pattern of Utilization	Existing (Ha)	During Plan Period (ha)	After Life of Mine (ha)
Quarry	--	0.818	1.478 (Converted in to water reservoir)
Road	0.010	(Comes under quarry)	(Comes under quarry)
Safety Zone	--	0.662 (Plantation)	0.662 (Plantation)
Total area in use	0.010	1.480	2.14
Unused Area	2.13	0.660	--
Lease hold area	2.14	2.14	2.14

ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT

Green Belt Development

S. No.	Location	Area/Length	No. of Trees
1	Safety Zone	0.662 Ha	1655

2	Along Approach Road	560m	1120
3	No. of plants distributed with consultation local authorities /village Panchayat	--	100

- Gabion Plantation work in the safety zone (7.5 m width around the proposed lease boundary) and on either side of approach road in two rows with the spacing of 3x3 m with suitable species such as timber & fruit bearing etc. will be done in first year of operation. Maintenance work such as h/w, mortality replacement, protection and watering shall be undertaken for the life of mine as per norms and schedule issued by PCCF, Development, Department of Forest, Environment & Climate Change, Govt. of Jharkhand. Records of same to be maintained and will be submitted with compliance report.

Solid Waste Management

Total 4397.0 cum or 11871.90 tons waste will be generated during the plan period which shall be used in making and maintenance of haul road and village road, so there is no requirement of waste dumping Plan for this mining plan period

Environment Management Plan

Sr. No	Description	Capital Cost (Rs.)	Recurring Cost (Rs.)
1	Pollution Control & Dust Suppression	--	2,00,000
2	Baseline Monitoring i) Air ii) Water iii) Soil iv) Noise	--	50,000 40,000 20,000 10,000
3	Plantation	14,37,500	2,00,000
4	Construction and maintenance of haul road	1,40,000	90,000
TOTAL		15,77,500	5,10,000

*Note: *2875 plants * 500 Rs (for each plants including hedges and fences)= 14.375 lakhs
Salary of Labor for haul road maintenance 1 labor*300 =300 per day, 300* 300 = 90,000/-
* 2.5 lakh per kilometer (250000 * 0.56 km haul road = 1,40,000/-)*

Environment Monitoring Programme

S. No.	Description	No. Monitoring Stations	Duration
1	Air	4 Stations	6 Monthly
2	Soil	2 Stations	6 Monthly

- Wet drilling will be carried out by constantly injecting a jet of water at the drill bit inside the hole, which prevents dust generation
- In case due to any reason, wet drilling is not possible (due to non-availability of water), exhaust/ vacuum system will be provided which removes the dust from the drill hole continuously and discharges the same in a dust collector specially provided for the purpose.
- Drilling machine shall be fitted with dust suppression, collection and disposal arrangement
- Deep wetting of drilling zones will be done by water sprinkling before starting drilling.

Noise Generation during drilling

Drilling operations give rise to harmful levels of noise. It is created by both drilling the hole and the operation of the drill rig itself.

The noise levels around drilling equipment will be continuously measured and the risk will be assessed. Unless control measures are in place no-one, except those necessary for the work in hand, will be allowed inside the designated noisy area. In most cases this will be the drill operator.

The risk is highest at older machines. Newer large drilling machines are provided with sound insulated operating cabins which control the noise level within the cabins to acceptable levels. Hence, it will be ensured that newly updated machines will be used for drilling.

Other control measures will include training operators and providing them with ear protection, although the latter should only be seen as an interim precaution until a permanent solution can be found.

Blasting Operations

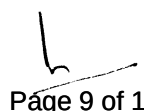
Most of the accidents from blasting occur due to the projectiles and mainly due to overcharging of the shot holes as a result of certain special features of the local ground.

Flying rocks are encountered during initial and final blasting operations. Noise and dust also generated during blasting. Following control measures should be taken:

- Blast hole geometry shall be properly designed.
- Blast site shall be wetted before and after blasting operations are completed.
- Only optimum quantity of permissible explosives shall be used so that the vibrations do not damage the structures/houses if the quarrying operations are close to human habitation.
- Blasting shall be conducted only during favorable weather conditions and only during the day time and permissible hours.
- While carrying out blasting operations near habitations, wide publicity will be given in the local area through announcement and other available media so that local people







become aware of the blasting activities being undertaken in the area and take appropriate precautions.

- The vibrations should be monitored periodically in consultation with the local Mining authorities.

Handling of Explosives

Explosives by virtue of their nature have the potential for the most serious and catastrophic accidents in the mining operations yet the way they are used is an excellent example of how risk assessment is properly applied. For example, persons holding blasters certificate granted by DGMS with proper training in explosive handling and use will be allowed for blasting operations.

- Use of explosives is specialist work. Planning for a round of shots is necessary to ensure that the face is properly surveyed, holes correctly drilled, direction logged, the weight of explosive suitable for good fragmentation and the continuity of the initiator are but a few of the steps necessary to ensure its safe use.
- Poorly designed shots can result in misfires, early ignition and flying rock.

The storage of the explosives and its transfer to and from the quarry area shall be strictly in accordance with the conditions listed in the permission granted by Explosives Department. Few conditions are listed below:

- Proper and safe storage of explosives in approved and Licensed Magazine
- Proper security system to prevent theft/ pilferage, unauthorized entry into Magazine area and checking authorized persons to prevent carrying of match box, lights, mobile phones, cigarette or Bidi etc. will be put in place.
- Explosives shall be conveyed in special containers
- Explosives and detonators shall not be carried in the same container
- The holes which have been charged with explosives will not be left unattended till blasting is completed.

Health Hazards

Health hazards should be interpreted as being harmful dust and noise which is emitted during surface mining operations. All suitable steps and precautions will be undertaken to ensure minimum health hazard. Provision of use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) will be kept.

The PPE shall be of good make and quality, wherever possible ISI certified, suitable for the hazard e.g. a dust respirator fitted with the correct filter to capture the particulate hazardous dust and maintained to recommended standards. As personal protective equipment only affords limited protection it will only be used as a last resort and as an interim arrangement until other steps are taken to reduce the risk of personal injury to an acceptable level.



Accident at Site

Identifying the hazards that come along with the presence of vehicles at the workplace (e.g. reversing operations, loading) can cause harm if not properly handled. Among some of the factors that may make vehicle accidents more likely are:

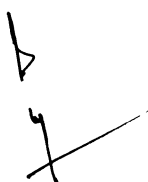
- Rough access roads
- Time pressure
- Inadequate brakes (Possibly from lack of maintenance)
- Carelessly parked vehicles (e.g. being parked on a slope without being adequately secured)
- Untrained drivers
- Overturning vehicles

To avoid such instances, it will be ensured that workers shall be trained and involved in the risk management process and tell them to share their experience regarding what to do, to reduce risk.

Transportation

The usual method of transporting minerals from the working face is by trucks / tippers/dumpers. Large earth moving equipment's are used for loading /transporting large quantity of mineral from a mine. During transportation of minerals in the mining area, utmost care will be taken by the vehicle operator to avoid any accident with any incoming vehicle by keeping sufficient gap between the two vehicles, keep safe distance from the edge of the mine face, avoid any accident to a worker crossing the haul road and shall maintain low speed. The vehicle operator shall not try to overtake another vehicle.

- Mine road shall be made smooth regularly with a road roller.
- Mine road will be cleaned daily to remove fallen rock/stones for smooth transportation.
- Mine road will be made sufficiently wide to keep two-way traffic.
- Mine roads will be designed as per the specifications given under MMR 1961.
- Regular water sprinkling will be done on mine road and haul road to avoid suspension of dust.
- All transportation within the mine lease area should be carried out directly under the supervision and control of management.
- The vehicles will be maintained in good working condition and checked thoroughly at least once a month by the competent person authorized for the purpose by the management.
- Navigation signs will be provided at each and every turning point up to the main road (wherever required)
- To avoid danger while reversing the vehicles especially at working place/loading points, stopper should be posted to properly guide reversing/spotting operating.
- Only trained drivers will be hired.



Undertaking submitted affirming:

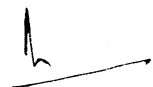
- a. Ground water will be used only for domestic purpose and not be used for any mining activities or any other use.
- b. The District Survey Report has been prepared by a competent authority. Project Authorities will abide by any directives issued by any court of law in future.
- c. If any changes are noticed in future regarding the contiguous / cluster area report issued by the mines department, then the applicable laws / rules will be binding on the Project Authorities and all necessary steps will be taken in this regard
- d. The Boundary Pillars of the proposed mine lease area will be maintained properly.
- e. One day post monsoon baseline data related to environment monitoring will be submitted with the first compliance report.
- f. The plantation work will be completed within the first year of operation. Thereafter the same will be maintained up to the Conceptual stage of the Mine.
- g. Sufficient water spray using water tankers will be done for effective dust suppression within the mine lease area and on haul roads.
- h. All the mining machineries / equipment and transport vehicles should be maintained in good condition and annually tested for fitness and PUC and records to be maintained.
- i. If any tree felling than necessary permission shall be taken from the competent authority.
- j. Slope of the Water bodies to be stabilized using gabion plantation created at the end of life of the mine.
- k. Suitable safety protection measures shall be taken around the water bodies to prevent any human or animals falling in to the water bodies created at the end of life of the mine.
- l. Personal protective equipments such as clothing, helmet, goggles or other garments or equipments designed to protect from injury or infection will be provided to working personnel.

SEAC, Jharkhand has suggested the ToRs in its **116th** meeting held on **23th, 24th and 25th August, 2024** in the light of Hon'ble NGT, Principal Bench, New Delhi order dated 13.09.18 and MoEF & CC OM dated 12.12.18 for undertaking detailed EIA / EMP study and SEIAA. Jharkhand has approved the ToRs in its **116th** meeting held on **03th & 04th September, 2024**.

The TORs prescribed for undertaking detailed EIA study are as follows:

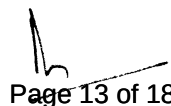
Specific Conditions:

1. **In compliance of OM No. F.No. IA3-22/3/2024-IA.III (E-241594) dated 24.07.2024 of MoEF&CC, Govt. of India plantation of saplings shall be carried out in the earmarked green belt area as the part of tree plantation campaign “Ek Ped Ma Ke Naam” and the details of the same shall be uploaded in the MeriLiFE Portal (<https://merilife.nic.in>).**
2. This TOR letter is subject to Hon'ble NGT order dated 13.09.2018, order dated : 11.12.2018 and MoEF & CC OM dated : 12.12.2018.
3. Year-wise production details since 1994 should be given, clearly stating the highest production achieved in any one year prior to 1994. It may also be categorically informed whether there



had been any increase in production after the EIA Notification 1994 came into force, w.r.t. the highest production achieved prior to 1994.

4. A copy of the document in support of the fact that the Proponent is the rightful lessee of the mine should be given.
5. All documents including approved mine plan, EIA and Public Hearing should be compatible with one another in terms of the mine lease area, production levels, waste generation and its management, mining technology etc. and should be in the name of the lessee.
6. All corner coordinates of the mine lease area, superimposed on a High Resolution Imagery/toposheet, topographic sheet, geomorphology and geology of the area should be provided. Such an Imagery of the proposed area should clearly show the land use and other ecological features of the study area (core and buffer zone).
7. Information should be provided in Survey of India Toposheet in 1:50,000 scale indicating geological map of the area, geomorphology of land forms of the area, existing minerals and mining history of the area, important water bodies, streams and rivers and soil characteristics.
8. Details about the land proposed for mining activities should be given with information as to whether mining conforms to the land use policy of the State; land diversion for mining should have approval from State land use board or the concerned authority.
9. It should be clearly stated whether the proponent Company has a well laid down Environment Policy approved by its Board of Directors? If so, it may be spelt out in the EIA Report with description of the prescribed operating process/procedures to bring into focus any infringement/deviation/ violation of the environmental or forest norms/ conditions? The hierarchical system or administrative order of the Company to deal with the environmental issues and for ensuring compliance with the EC conditions may also be given. The system of reporting of non-compliances / violations of environmental norms to the Board of Directors of the Company and/or shareholders or stakeholders at large, may also be detailed in the EIA Report.
10. Issues relating to Mine Safety, including subsidence study in case of underground mining and slope study in case of open cast mining, blasting study etc. should be detailed. The proposed safeguard measures in each case should also be provided.
11. The study area will comprise of 10 km zone around the mine lease from lease periphery and the data contained in the EIA such as waste generation etc. should be for the life of the mine / lease period.
12. Land use of the study area delineating forest area, agricultural land, grazing land, wildlife sanctuary, national park, migratory routes of fauna, water bodies, human settlements and other ecological features should be indicated. Land use plan of the mine lease area should be prepared to encompass preoperational, operational and post operational phases and submitted. Impact, if any, of change of land use should be given.



13. Details of the land for any Over Burden Dumps outside the mine lease, such as extent of land area, distance from mine lease, its land use, R&R issues, if any, should be given.
14. A Certificate from the Competent Authority in the State Forest Department should be provided, confirming the involvement of forest land, if any, in the project area. In the event of any contrary claim by the Project Proponent regarding the status of forests, the site may be inspected by the State Forest Department along with the Regional Office of the Ministry to ascertain the status of forests, based on which, the Certificate in this regard as mentioned above be issued. In all such cases, it would be desirable for representative of the State Forest Department to assist the Expert Appraisal Committees.
15. Status of forestry clearance for the broken up area and virgin forestland involved in the Project including deposition of net present value (NPV) and compensatory afforestation (CA) should be indicated. A copy of the forestry clearance should also be furnished.
16. Implementation status of recognition of forest rights under the Scheduled Tribes and other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 should be indicated.
17. The vegetation in the RF / PF areas in the study area, with necessary details, should be given.
18. A study shall be got done to ascertain the impact of the Mining Project on wildlife of the study area and details furnished. Impact of the project on the wildlife in the surrounding and any other protected area and accordingly, detailed mitigative measures required, should be worked out with cost implications and submitted.
19. Location of National Parks, Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves, Wildlife Corridors, Ramsar site Tiger/ Elephant Reserves/(existing as well as proposed), if any, within 10 km of the mine lease should be clearly indicated, supported by a location map duly authenticated by Chief Wildlife Warden. Necessary clearance, as may be applicable to such projects due to proximity of the ecologically sensitive areas as mentioned above, should be obtained from the Standing Committee of National Board of Wildlife and copy furnished.
20. A detailed biological study of the study area [core zone and buffer zone (10 km radius of the periphery of the mine lease)] shall be carried out. Details of flora and fauna, endangered, endemic and RET Species duly authenticated, separately for core and buffer zone should be furnished based on such primary field survey, clearly indicating the Schedule of the fauna present. In case of any scheduled- I fauna found in the study area, the necessary plan along with budgetary provisions for their conservation should be prepared in consultation with State Forest and Wildlife Department and details furnished. Necessary allocation of funds for implementing the same should be made as part of the project cost.
21. Proximity to Areas declared as 'Critically Polluted' or the Project areas likely to come under the 'Aravali Range'. (attracting court restrictions for mining operations), should also be indicated and where so required, clearance certifications from the prescribed Authorities, such as the SPCB or State Mining Department should be secured and furnished to the effect that the proposed mining activities could be considered.



22. Similarly, for coastal Projects, A CRZ map duly authenticated by one of the authorized agencies demarcating LTL, HTL, CRZ area, location of the mine lease w.r.t CRZ, coastal features such as mangroves, if any, should be furnished. (Note: The Mining Projects falling under CRZ would also need to obtain approval of the concerned Coastal Zone Management Authority).
23. R&R Plan/compensation details for the Project Affected People (PAP) should be furnished. While preparing the R&R Plan, the relevant State/National Rehabilitation & Resettlement Policy should be kept in view. In respect of SCs /STs and other weaker sections of the society in the study area, a need based sample survey, family-wise, should be undertaken to assess their requirements, and action programmes prepared and submitted accordingly, integrating the sectoral programmes of line departments of the State Government. It may be clearly brought out whether the village(s) located in the mine lease area will be shifted or not. The issues relating to shifting of village(s) including their R&R and socio-economic aspects should be discussed in the Report.
24. One season (non-monsoon) [i.e. March-May (Summer Season); October-December (post monsoon season) ; December-February (winter season)]primary baseline data on ambient air quality as per CPCB Notification of 2009, water quality, noise level, soil and flora and fauna shall be collected and the AAQ and other data so compiled presented date-wise in the EIA and EMP Report. Site-specific meteorological data should also be collected. The location of the monitoring stations should be such as to represent whole of the study area and justified keeping in view the pre-dominant downwind direction and location of sensitive receptors. There should be at least one monitoring station within 500 m of the mine lease in the pre-dominant downwind direction. The mineralogical composition of PM10, particularly for free silica, should be given.
25. Air quality modeling should be carried out for prediction of impact of the project on the air quality of the area. It should also take into account the impact of movement of vehicles for transportation of mineral. The details of the model used and input parameters used for modeling should be provided. The air quality contours may be shown on a location map clearly indicating the location of the site, location of sensitive receptors, if any, and the habitation. The wind roses showing pre-dominant wind direction may also be indicated on the map.
26. The water requirement for the Project, its availability and source should be furnished. A detailed water balance should also be provided. Fresh water requirement for the Project should be indicated.
27. Necessary clearance from the Competent Authority for drawl of requisite quantity of water for the Project should be provided.
28. Description of water conservation measures proposed to be adopted in the Project should be given. Details of rainwater harvesting proposed in the Project, if any, should be provided.

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29. Impact of the Project on the water quality, both surface and groundwater, should be assessed and necessary safeguard measures, if any required, should be provided.
30. Based on actual monitored data, it may clearly be shown whether working will intersect groundwater. Necessary data and documentation in this regard may be provided. In case the working will intersect groundwater table, a detailed Hydro Geological Study should be undertaken and Report furnished. The Report inter-alia, shall include details of the aquifers present and impact of mining activities on these aquifers. Necessary permission from Central Ground Water Authority for working below ground water and for pumping of ground water should also be obtained and copy furnished.
31. Details of any stream, seasonal or otherwise, passing through the lease area and modification / diversion proposed, if any, and the impact of the same on the hydrology should be brought out.
32. Information on site elevation, working depth, groundwater table etc. Should be provided both in AMSL and bgl. A schematic diagram may also be provided for the same.
33. A time bound Progressive Greenbelt Development Plan shall be prepared in a tabular form (indicating the linear and quantitative coverage, plant species and time frame) and submitted, keeping in mind, the same will have to be executed up front on commencement of the Project. Phase-wise plan of plantation and compensatory afforestation should be charted clearly indicating the area to be covered under plantation and the species to be planted. The details of plantation already done should be given. The plant species selected for green belt should have greater ecological value and should be of good utility value to the local population with emphasis on local and native species and the species which are tolerant to pollution.
34. Impact on local transport infrastructure due to the Project should be indicated. Projected increase in truck traffic as a result of the Project in the present road network (including those outside the Project area) should be worked out, indicating whether it is capable of handling the incremental load. Arrangement for improving the infrastructure, if contemplated (including action to be taken by other agencies such as State Government) should be covered. Project Proponent shall conduct Impact of Transportation study as per Indian Road Congress Guidelines.
35. Details of the onsite shelter and facilities to be provided to the mine workers should be included in the EIA Report.
36. Conceptual post mining land use and Reclamation and Restoration of mined out areas (with plans and with adequate number of sections) should be given in the EIA report.
37. Occupational Health impacts of the Project should be anticipated and the proposed preventive measures spelt out in detail. Details of pre-placement medical examination and periodical medical examination schedules should be incorporated in the EMP. The project specific occupational health mitigation measures with required facilities proposed in the mining area may be detailed.



38. Public health implications of the Project and related activities for the population in the impact zone should be systematically evaluated and the proposed remedial measures should be detailed along with budgetary allocations.
39. Measures of socio economic significance and influence to the local community proposed to be provided by the Project Proponent should be indicated. As far as possible, quantitative dimensions may be given with time frames for implementation.
40. Detailed environmental management plan (EMP) to mitigate the environmental impacts which, should inter-alia include the impacts of change of land use, loss of agricultural and grazing land, if any, occupational health impacts besides other impacts specific to the proposed Project.
41. Public Hearing points raised and commitment of the Project Proponent on the same along with time bound Action Plan with budgetary provisions to implement the same should be provided and also incorporated in the final EIA/EMP Report of the Project.
42. Details of litigation pending against the project, if any, with direction /order passed by any Court of Law against the Project should be given.
43. The cost of the Project (capital cost and recurring cost) as well as the cost towards implementation of EMP should be clearly spelt out.
44. A Disaster management Plan shall be prepared and included in the EIA/EMP Report.
45. Benefits of the Project if the Project is implemented should be spelt out. The benefits of the Project shall clearly indicate environmental, social, economic, employment potential, etc.
46. Besides the above, the below mentioned general points are also to be followed :-
 - a. Executive Summary of the EIA/EMP Report.
 - b. All documents to be properly referenced with index and continuous page numbering.
 - c. Where data are presented in the Report especially in Tables, the period in which the data were collected and the sources should be indicated.
 - d. Project Proponent shall enclose all the analysis/testing reports of water, air, soil, noise etc. using the MoEF & CC / NABL accredited laboratories. All the original analysis / testing reports should be available during appraisal of the Project.
 - e. Where the documents provided are in a language other than English, an English translation should be provided.
 - f. The Questionnaire for environmental appraisal of mining projects as devised earlier by the Ministry shall also be filled and submitted.
 - g. While preparing the EIA report, the instructions for the Proponents and instructions for the Consultants issued by MoEF & CC vide O.M. No. J-11013/41/2006-IA.II (I) dated 4th August, 2009, which are available on the website of this Ministry, should be followed.
 - h. Changes, if any made in the basic scope and project parameters (as submitted in Form-I and the PFR for securing the TOR) should be brought to the attention of MoEF & CC with

reasons for such changes and permission should be sought, as the TOR may also have to be altered. Post Public Hearing changes in structure and content of the draft EIA/EMP (other than modifications arising out of the P.H. process) will entail conducting the PH again with the revised documentation

- i. As per the circular no. J-11011/618/2010-IA.II (I) dated 30.5.2012, certified report of the status of compliance of the conditions stipulated in the environment clearance for the existing operations of the project, should be obtained from the Regional Office of Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, as may be applicable.
 - j. The EIA report should also include (i) surface plan of the area indicating contours of main topographic features, drainage and mining area, (ii) geological maps and sections and (iii) sections of the mine pit and external dumps, if any, clearly showing the land features of the adjoining area.
47. After preparing the draft EIA (as per the generic structure prescribed in Appendix- III of the EIA Notification, 2006) covering the above mentioned issues, the proponent will get the public hearing conducted and take further necessary action for obtaining environmental clearance in accordance with the procedure prescribed under the EIA Notification, 2006.
48. The Prescribed ToRs is valid as per O.M. F. No. IA3-22/10/2022-IA.III[E177258], dated 08.06.2022 of MoEF & CC, Govt. of India.

Sd/-
Member Secretary
State Level Environment Impact
Assessment Authority, Jharkhand

Memo No : EC/SEIAA/2024-25/3220/2024/251

Dated: 09/09/2024

Copy to:

1. Member Secretary, Jharkhand State Pollution Control Board, Ranchi for information and necessary action.
2. Regional Office, Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Govt. of India, 2nd Floor, Jharkhand State Housing Board (HQ), Harmu Chowk, Ranchi, Jharkhand – 834002.
3. Member Secretary, SEAC, Jharkhand, Ranchi for information and necessary action.

Member Secretary
State Level Environment Impact
Assessment Authority, Jharkhand